Welcome to the Red Tractor Assurance for Farms – Duck Scheme: Ducks Standards, part of the Red Tractor Food Assurance Scheme assuring food safety, animal welfare, hygiene and environmental protection through every part of the food chain.

For a number of years the Duck Assurance Scheme (DAS) scheme had strong links with Red Tractor. The ownership and management of the Scheme has now been transferred from the British Poultry Council (BPC) to Red Tractor Assurance so these Standards now replace the DAS scheme. These Standards have been written and revised by our Technical Advisory Committees (TACs) in consultation with customers, farmer representatives and the wider industry to ensure they are clear and provide meaningful, credible farm assurance for all. This is essential with the increasing demand for traceability of food, growing consumer awareness of animal welfare issues in livestock production and a need to minimise pesticide residues.

For more information about the Red Tractor Assurance Scheme visit www.redtractorassurance.org.uk

GUIDE

Scheme members are advised this manual must be read in conjunction with the ‘How the Red Tractor Assurance Scheme Works’ leaflet which details the Rules of the Scheme that all members are bound by.

The standards are organised in sections. The AIM of each standard or group of standards is clearly explained. All of the words against each standard including the column ‘How you will be measured’ form part of the standard.

Standard coding begins with a two letter prefix that identifies the section. Assessors will use this code together with a code to identify the enterprise to which it relates to identify any non-conformances on the report at the end of the assessment.

Key – those standards which have greater significance (all other standards are normal)

Recommendation – those which do not affect certification

Appendix – this is referenced in the ‘How you will be measured’ column and indicates that additional information is provided in the Appendices at the back of this manual

- this icon indicates that a record is required

Where to find help - at the end of each section we have indicated where you can get extra guidance if you need it. (Our interactive pdf version of this document available on www.redtractorassurance.org.uk will automatically take you to the right documents and sources of more help).

There is a column within the standards to identify which enterprise a particular standard relates to. The code for the enterprises are below:

Enterprise codes
GF – Grower
BL – Breeder Layers
BR – Breeder Replacement
FR – Free Range
H – Hatchery
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### What has changed since October 2017

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<th>Date of Change</th>
<th>Standard</th>
<th>Page</th>
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<td>01 August 2020</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>DP.a.1</strong> Systems must be in place to maintain the farm in a manner that does not present risks to food safety, animal welfare or environmental protection</td>
<td>GF, FR, BR, BL, H</td>
<td>• Accumulated rubbish, redundant equipment or scrap kept in controlled areas separate from birds/ feed storage/ public access</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| **DP.a.2** A farm/ hatchery map must be in place | GF, FR, BR, BL, H | • Farm map shows, where applicable:  
  - position and size of bird housing  
  - access points to bird housing  
  - any auxiliary bird areas and their purpose  
  - fire extinguishers  
  - first aid kit  
  - water sources available for fire fighting  
  - bait points (although this may be on a separate bait plan)  
  - designated biosecure areas (defined as one shed and associated range)  
  - all fields, including area (hectares/ acres)  
  - watercourses, including ditches and ponds  
  - boreholes, springs and wells, including any on neighbouring land, within 50m of the boundary  
  - any areas of high pollution risk |
| **DP.b** A documented plan for the effective management of serious incidents and potential emergency situations that threaten the welfare of birds, food safety or the environment must be in place and known to key staff | GF, FR, BR, BL, H | • You have considered the risks to your farm and documented the actions to be taken in the event of, for example:  
  - feed and/or water equipment failing  
  - fire  
  - extreme weather (drought, flooding, snow)  
  - disease outbreaks which have the potential to affect other farms/ the general public  
  - reporting activist activity (to police, relevant trade body, your Certification Body, customers)  
  - pollution incident  
  - Plan includes relevant contact details (including out of hours phone numbers) e.g. vet, Environment Agency hotline, energy, feed and water suppliers  
  - Key staff have access to plan |
| **DP.b.1** An Avian Influenza contingency plan must be in place | GF, FR, BR, BL, H | • The plan is reviewed annually and updated when necessary |
| **DP.b.2** There must be an emergency water supply capable of providing water at maximum demand for 24 hours | GF, FR, BR, BL, H | |
| **DP.b.3** You must contact Red Tractor and/ or your Certification Body immediately if a serious incident or emergency situation threatens the welfare of the birds (e.g. stocking density breach), food safety or the environment occurs on farm | |
### STANDARDS WHO HOW YOU WILL BE MEASURED

**DP.c**  
**Systems must be in place for recording, investigating and resolution of any complaints received that are relevant to the requirements of the Duck Standards**  
- GF, FR, BR, BL, H  
  - Complaints made by Local Authority, general public, customers (e.g. abattoir feedback) or other  
  - Complaints including, but not limited to, medicine residue levels, dirty birds, welfare and environmental issues  
  - System includes recording the:  
    - complaint  
    - investigation result  
    - action taken to prevent the issue happening again

**DP.d**  
**Producers must ensure that new production sites are suitable for use**  
- GF, FR, BR, BL, H  
  - New production sites include, but are not limited to, new and existing buildings and land, including those used seasonally  
  - The Certification Body has been informed of the site and it has been added to your Red Tractor membership  
  - When deciding if suitable for use, consideration has been given to the following, where relevant:  
    - previous use  
    - recent applications of chemicals and soil improvers (including sewage sludge, manure from other species)  
    - physical hazards  
    - location of the nearest other poultry farm (preferably at least 1km distance away) and its health status where possible  
    - whether the building complies with legal requirements and has previously been assured

Where to find help  
- For information on farm fires see the Defra guidance document ‘Farm Fires - Protecting Farm Animal Welfare’  
- For additional guidance on animal welfare in severe weather visit www.gov.uk/animal-welfare-in-severe-weather  
- To find out the environmental state of water bodies around and through your land use the Environment Agency’s What’s in your Backyard Tool www.environment-agency.gov.uk/wiyby

### STANDARDS AND LABOUR PROVIDERS (SC)

**AIM: All staff (including, but not limited to, full and part-time and family members) are trained and competent to carry out the activities they do**

**SC.a Key**  
**Systems must be in place to ensure that all new staff are effectively trained and deemed competent to carry out the activities they are employed to do**  
- GF, FR, BR, BL, H  
  - Nobody starts work without an induction, supervision or explanation of the tasks they will carry out  
  - For any specific tasks referenced within the Standards (e.g. medicine treatments) additional training is given prior to being left to complete the task unsupervised

**SC.b**  
**The performance and competence of staff must be regularly reviewed and refresher training implemented as required**  
- GF, FR, BR, BL, H  
  - Staff are observed at least annually and the output of their work reviewed  
  - Refresher training is implemented immediately if issues are found

**SC.c**  
**Records of training must be kept**  
- GF, FR, BR, BL, H  
  - A training record is available for all, including:  
    - name  
    - start date (if applicable)  
    - training given/ events attended/ experience  
    - date of training  
    - who provided the training  
  - Where staff are trained to undertake specific tasks this is listed in the record  
  - Records kept for two years after staff member has left employment

- Staff training record
### STANDARDS WHO HOW YOU WILL BE MEASURED

**SC.c.1**  
Producers must adopt British Poultry Training – Poultry Passport, or Poultry Training Record, as the formal route for industry training and training recognition  

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>WHO</th>
<th>HOW YOU WILL BE MEASURED</th>
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<tr>
<td>GF, FR, BR, BL, H</td>
<td>- The mandatory training requirement specified on the Poultry Passport is delivered by providers or in-house tutors that have been approved by British Poultry Training</td>
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</table>

**SC.d**  
Where labour providers are used to supply temporary or permanent staff an agreement must be in place to ensure competent persons are provided  

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>WHO</th>
<th>HOW YOU WILL BE MEASURED</th>
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</table>
| GF, FR, BR, BL, H | - Agreement in place where labour providers are used regularly or on an ad-hoc basis  
- Agreement confirms that labour provided is competent and that a Gangmasters Licence is held |

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**WHERE TO FIND HELP**  
For further information on British Poultry Training – Poultry Passport visit www.poultrypassport.org  
For further information on Gangmasters Licensing and to check the licence status of a labour provider visit http://www.gla.gov.uk/  

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### TRACEABILITY AND ASSURANCE STATUS (TI)

#### AIM: Clear identification of birds to deliver food chain traceability

**TI.a Key**  
Birds/ducklings/eggs must be identified and records kept to maintain traceability  

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<th>WHO</th>
<th>HOW YOU WILL BE MEASURED</th>
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| GF, FR, BR, BL, H | - Scheme registration number is included on dispatch notes  
- Records are kept of the origin of ducklings and, where necessary, this information, passed on to the processor to allow accurate origin labelling of the final products |

**R**  
- Traceability records including records of duckling origin  
- Delivery tickets

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**TI.b Key**  
Eggs and/or ducklings must be sourced from Red Tractor Assured breeder farms/hatcheries certified to the relevant scheme standards  

<table>
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<th>WHO</th>
<th>HOW YOU WILL BE MEASURED</th>
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<tr>
<td>GF, FR, BR, BL, H</td>
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### Vermin Control (VC)

**AIM:** Effective and responsible control of wild birds, rodents, insects and other animals to prevent contamination and food safety risk

#### VC.a Key
**Systems must be in place to control vermin in areas where birds and feed are kept**

**WHO:** GF, FR, BR, BL, H

- Evidence that control is effective and being managed e.g. there is no evidence of contamination by vermin
- Systems include, but are not limited to, baiting and trapping
- Vermin entry points are minimised where possible
- System managed in-house by a demonstrably competent person or by an external licensed contractor
- Traps checked regularly and positioned in such a way to reduce access by non-target animals
- No build-up of vegetation close to farm structures that could harbour vermin

**R**
- External contractor agreement
- Trap check records

#### VC.b
**Bait must be used responsibly**

**WHO:** GF, FR, BR, BL, H

- Prior to treatment with baits, a written site survey and environmental risk assessment is undertaken in accordance with the Appendix
- Use of non-chemical control methods considered first, followed by the least toxic alternatives (Risk Hierarchy)
- Where baits are used a bait plan is in evidence – plan includes map of bait points, bait used, bait point inspection and replenishment dates
- Safe positioning of bait; non-target animals do not have access and there is no risk of contamination
- A documented COSHH assessment is carried out where there are five or more employees
- Dead and dying rodents are removed and disposed of in line with manufacturers’ instructions

**R**
- Site survey
- Environmental Risk Assessment
- Bait plan kept for 2 years
- COSHH assessment (where applicable)

#### VC.b.1
**Permanent baiting must not be routinely undertaken**

**WHO:** GF, FR, BR, BL, H

- Baits only sited where evidence shows they are being continuously effective
- At the end of treatment, baits are removed and disposed of in line with manufacturers’ instructions

#### VC.c
**Pets and other animals must not have access to poultry houses, hatchery buildings and service buildings**

**WHO:** GF, FR, BR, BL, H

**Where to find help**
- Defra have published a Code of Practice for the Prevention of Rodent Infestation on Poultry Farms

### Housing, Shelter and Handling Facilities (HF)

**AIM:** Safe, comfortable and hygienic housing for all birds

#### HF.a
**Housing must be constructed and maintained to provide a safe environment for birds/ ducklings**

**WHO:** GF, FR, BR, BL, H

- No sharp edges, projections or other hazards
- Electrical installations inaccessible to birds / ducklings
- Housing securely contains birds/ ducklings
- Repairs and maintenance are carried out between production cycles except where delays could affect bird/ duckling welfare

#### HF.a.1
**The sound level in housing must be minimised**

**WHO:** GF, FR, BR, BL

- Ventilation fans, feeding machinery and other equipment is constructed, placed, operated and maintained in a way that causes the least amount of noise
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| **HF.b** Housing/ the hatchery must be appropriately and effectively ventilated | GF, BR, BL | - Ventilation minimises high humidity, build-up of odours and maintains a comfortable temperature  
- When the outside temperature exceeds 30°C in the shade the inside temperature should not exceed the outside temperature by more than 5°C  
- Concentration of Ammonia should not exceed 25ppm  
- In controlled environment housing a documented ventilation plan is in place |
| | FR | - Ventilation minimises high humidity, build-up of odours and maintains a comfortable temperature  
- Pop-holes are evenly distributed around the house  
- Pop-holes make up a combined length of at least 4m per 100m² of floor space  
- Pop-holes are a minimum height of 450mm |
| | H | - Ventilation minimises high humidity, build-up of odours and maintains a comfortable temperature |
| **HF.b.1** Temperature records must be kept | GF, FR, BR, BL | - Records kept of minimum and maximum daily temperatures at bird/ duckling level |
| | H | - Duckling holding areas must be temperature controlled and monitored |
| **HF.b.2** A written policy must be in place outlining recognition of and procedures to be followed in the event of heat or cold stress occurring | GF, FR, BR, BL | - Heat and cold stress policy |
| | GF, BR, BL | - Floors in fixed housing are made of concrete or asphalt  
* Where slatted flooring is provided under water facilities it makes up no more than 25% of total floor area  
- Floors are well drained and floor surface is above outside ground level |
| | FR | - Floors are made of concrete or asphalt  
- Floors are well drained |
| | H | - Floors are sealed and in good condition  
- Floors are hygienically managed |
| **HF.d** Conditions within the housing must be maintained in a manner that ensures birds are able to keep clean | GF, FR, BR, BL | - A written cleaning and disinfection policy is in place, which contains:  
- cleaning and disinfection procedures for house, house furniture, egg storage facilities, water tanks and bulk feed bins  
- handling of waste materials; litter, packaging, feed spillages  
- details of Defra approved disinfectants and detergents used, including safe usage, storage and dilution  
- Whenever bird accommodation is emptied it is thoroughly cleaned and disinfected in accordance with the policy  
- Swabs are taken for environmental bacteria and are cultured in a Government approved laboratory – records are kept of these tests |
<p>| | H | - Environmental swabs for TVCs are carried out monthly and records maintained |</p>
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<td>HF.d.1</td>
<td>GF, FR, BR, BL</td>
<td>Surfaces within housing/ the hatchery must be in good condition and must be able to be cleaned and disinfected</td>
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<tr>
<td>HF.d.2</td>
<td>GF, FR, BR, BL</td>
<td>Flocks are provided with clean, fresh bedding to a minimum depth of 2cm</td>
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<td>Products which expand to a minimum depth of 2cm can be used</td>
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<td>Bedding is not re-used</td>
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<td></td>
<td>* Areas around water facilities and slats may be free of bedding</td>
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<td>HF.d.3</td>
<td>GF</td>
<td>Bedding must remain in a dry, friable condition</td>
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<td>* Birds are bedded daily</td>
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<tr>
<td>HF.d.4</td>
<td>GF, FR, BR, BL</td>
<td>This standard is not applicable to this sector</td>
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<tr>
<td>HF.d.5</td>
<td>GF, FR, BR, BL</td>
<td>Bedding is traceable</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Record of origin of bedding</td>
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<td>HF.d.6</td>
<td>H</td>
<td>Ducklings must be loaded into clean duckling boxes</td>
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<td>Re-useable duckling boxes are cleaned, dried and sanitised after every delivery</td>
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<td>HF.d.7</td>
<td>H</td>
<td>Drains in production areas are accessible and cleanable</td>
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<tr>
<td>HF.e</td>
<td>GF, FR, BR, BL</td>
<td>Housing/ the hatchery must be lit to allow normal behaviours, rest and effective inspection of birds/ ducklings</td>
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<td>Birds are housed at light levels which allow them to see one another, be seen clearly and which illuminates at least 80% of the useable area, during lighting periods</td>
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<td>Reductions in lighting made only on advice of vet</td>
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<td>Lighting patterns are recorded</td>
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<td>Levels of natural or artificial lighting in duckling grading areas is of a level that all ducklings can be seen clearly</td>
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<td>Holding rooms should be lit with controlled or blue lighting</td>
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<tr>
<td>HF.e.1</td>
<td>GF, FR, BR, BL</td>
<td>Lighting follows a 24 hour rhythm</td>
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<td>This occurs within 7 days of the ducks being placed in the building</td>
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<td>24 hour rhythm includes:</td>
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<td>– period of uninterrupted darkness lasting at least 6 hours</td>
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<td>– a minimum of 8 hours natural daylight or artificial light</td>
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<tr>
<td>HF.e.2</td>
<td>FR</td>
<td>Birds must have access to the range area for a minimum of 8 hours per day</td>
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<td>Pop-holes are open for 8 hours except where:</td>
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<td>– natural daylight lasts less than 8 hours</td>
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<td>– there are inclement weather conditions</td>
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<tr>
<td>HF.e.3</td>
<td>FR</td>
<td>Birds have access to the range for at least half their lives</td>
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<tr>
<td>HF.e.4</td>
<td>FR</td>
<td>Shelter/ cover must be provided on the range</td>
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<td>Natural shelter/ cover is encouraged</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Where artificial shade is provided anti-perching spikes are used</td>
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<td>Deciduous trees are avoided in order to discourage wild birds</td>
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<td>Where mobile sites are used artificial shelter is provided (e.g. camouflage netting/ big bales/ A frames) which also carries anti-perch spikes</td>
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<tr>
<td>STANDARDS</td>
<td>WHO</td>
<td>HOW YOU WILL BE MEASURED</td>
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</table>
| HF.f Key Housing/ duckling areas must be of sufficient size | GF, FR | - Birds are not kept in cages  
- Stocking density is in line with the following table:  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bird Weight (kg)</th>
<th>Max. Stocking Density kg/m²</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>18</td>
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<tr>
<td>2.5</td>
<td>20</td>
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<td>3</td>
<td>21</td>
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<tr>
<td>3.5</td>
<td>22</td>
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<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>23</td>
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<tr>
<td>4.5</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
- The range comprises an area mainly covered by vegetation of no less than 2m²/ bird |
| BR, BL | - Birds are not kept in cages  
- Stocking density does not exceed 15kg/m² |
| H | - Stocking density in duckling boxes is a minimum of 21cm² - 25cm² per chick |
| HF.f.1 Houses must have important information displayed | BR, BL, GF, FR | - Plates list:  
- total floor space available to the birds  
- number of feeders and drinkers per flock  
- feed bin capacity |
| HF.g Housing areas must provide for the specific needs of young birds | BR, GF, FR | - On arrival, ducklings are placed in pre-heated housing as soon as possible |
| HF.h Automatic equipment is inspected once a day | BR, BL, GF, FR, H | - Records kept of:  
- checks  
- malfunctions  
- rectifications |
| HF.i An alternative power supply must be available which is capable of supplying all essential electrical systems within the poultry houses/ hatchery | BR, BL, GF, FR, H | - Malfunctions are rectified immediately  
- Generators are tested weekly on load |
| HF.k An alarm system must be in place which alerts stockmen to ventilation equipment failure | BR, BL, GF, FR | - Alarm system responds to high and low temperatures and to failures in each phase of the mains electricity  
- Alarm systems are checked daily and records kept of:  
- checks  
- malfunctions  
- rectifications  
- Tested every 7 days and results recorded  
- Alarm system works without mains power supply |
| HF.k.1 Alarms must be responded to within 15 minutes | H | - When an alarm is triggered the following are recorded:  
- time  
- date  
- response |
| HF.k.2 Incubation equipment is alarmed for high and low temperatures and mains failure | H | - Incubation equipment includes both setters and hatchers |
**FEED AND WATER (FW)**

**STANDARDS** | **WHO** | **HOW YOU WILL BE MEASURED**
--- | --- | ---
**AIM: All birds receive a daily diet sufficient to maintain full health** |  |  
**FW.a Key** | BR, BL, GF, FR | - The diet is adequate and suitable to the production status and body condition of the bird  
**FW.b** | BR, BL, GF, FR | - Feed space allowances are as follows:  
- day old to 8 weeks 50cm feeding space/ 100 ducks  
- 8 weeks and over 60cm feeding space/ 100 ducks  
- Feed delivery systems are free of sharp edges, parts capable of causing injury and are adjustable to provide a comfortable feeding level  
- Feed delivery systems are checked daily for correct performance and cleanliness  
**FW.b.1** | BR, BL | - Feed is not provided on the range  
  
**Where to find help** |  | - Further information on heat stress is provided in the Defra guidance document ‘Heat Stress in Poultry: Solving the Problem’

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**STANDARDS** | **WHO** | **HOW YOU WILL BE MEASURED**
--- | --- | ---
**HF.k.3** | H |  
All incubators in operation must be checked twice daily for temperature, humidity and direction of turn  
**In incubator records kept and displayed**

**HF.k.4** | H |  
Duckling and egg disposal equipment and beak treatment equipment must be checked daily by trained operators to ensure it is working effectively, and a record kept of the outcome  
**Check records**

**HF.l** | BR, BL, GF, FR, H |  
Fire prevention measures must be taken  
- Safe use and storage of flammable/combustible materials  
- Every building exceeding 30m in length has two doors and complies with relevant Building Regulations, particularly with regard to fire escape exits  
- Access to building is restricted  
- Buildings are secure  
- Smoking is restricted to designated areas only  
- Machinery undergoes routine maintenance  
- Escape routes and passages are kept clear at all times  
- Notices are displayed in all main houses of the nearest telephone point
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>STANDARDS</th>
<th>WHO</th>
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</thead>
</table>
| FW.c Key | BR, BL, GF, FR | - Water space allowances are as follows:  
  - there is a minimum water drinker space of 60cm/100 ducks  
  - Trough drinkers are no more than 25cm high  
  - Bell type drinkers are of the wide channel type when used beyond 3 weeks of age  
  - Where an enclosed water system is used there is a provision of nipple drinkers  
  - Drinker height is checked daily, birds are checked to ensure they are drinking adequately and drinkers are positioned and maintained in a way that spillage is minimised  
  - Adequate water supply is available right up to depopulation  
  - Non-mains water is tested every 6 months to ensure it is potable and results are recorded  
  - Header tanks are covered and hygienically managed; regular cleaning and disinfection of tanks and drinking lines |
| FW.c.1   | BR, BL, GF, FR | - A system must be in place to ensure that any water supply problems are identified and rectified within a timescale that does not compromise welfare |
| FW.d Key | BR, BL, GF, FR | - Feed is palatable (i.e. not stale or contaminated)  
  - Feed only includes feed materials and additives permitted by the scheme and UK and EU law  
  - You know the composition of all purchased and home-mixed feed  
  - Antibiotic or hormonal growth promoters are not used  
  - Feed does not contain meat and bone meal, poultry by-products or tallow |
| FW.e     | BR, BL, GF, FR | - The following materials are sourced as follows:  
  - compounds and blended feed - UFAS, or equivalent  
  - bagged or sealed compounded or blended feed - from a UFAS merchant and compounded by a UFAS, or equivalent, compounder  
  - straights - UFAS, FEMAS, or equivalent, or a farm that is a member of a combinable crops assurance scheme accompanied by a completed grain passport  
  - processed food by-products – UFAS, FEMAS, or equivalent  
  - The following materials are sourced with a completed warranty declaration:  
  - farm-to-farm supplies of any feeds unexpectedly in surplus  
  - Details of equivalent schemes are given in the relevant Appendix |
| FW.f     | BR, BL, GF, FR | - As a minimum your records contain supplier name, feed type including ingredient composition, date of delivery, quantity and the load or batch number  
  - Samples of each delivery of feed are taken and kept for three months |
| FW.f.1   | BR, BL, GF, FR | - If using medicated feed there must be a written procedure in place which details management of feed rations to prevent cross-contamination of non-medicated feed with medicated feed  
  - Feed delivery documents/ invoices/ warranty declarations/ grain passports/ own records kept for two years  
  - Medicated feed use procedure |
<table>
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</thead>
</table>
| FW.g      | BR, BL, GF, FR | - For total mixed rations (TMR) that incorporate forages or moist feeds produced on a daily basis, produce a record of the ingredients and quantities and update it when the mix changes  
- For home mixed compounds, meals or blends based on dry feed ingredients records including ingredients, quantities and mixing dates are kept for every batch mixed  
- Forage only or single feeds mixed with water do not require records  |
| FW.h      | BR, BL, GF, FR | - Samples of dry feed ingredients (over 3% inclusion) are kept  
- For dry mixes, samples of finished feed mix are kept  
- Samples are kept for a minimum of four weeks after last use  
- Your feed samples are:  
  - representative: you have taken small samples from several different points  
  - of adequate quantity: approx. 0.5kg/ 1lb  
  - free from contamination  
  - identifiable: labelled with feed details and date  
  - stored in a cool, dry area to avoid deterioration  |
| FW.i      | BR, BL, GF, FR | - Not applicable to the inclusion of bought-in mineral feedingstuffs (labelled as such) used in TMRs  
- You have Local Authority approval, a HACCP system in place and a Quality Control Plan, if mixing using:  
  - feed additives (labelled as such); substances such as vitamins, trace elements and preservatives  
  - pre-mixtures (labelled as such); are mixtures of feed additives, at high concentration  
- If you are incorporating medicated feeds you have additional approval from the Veterinary Medicines Directorate (VMD)  |
| FW.j      | BR, BL, GF, FR | - Contractors certified to the NAAC Assured Land-Based Contractor Mobile Feed Mixing and Processing Scheme, or scheme deemed equivalent by Red Tractor  |
| FW.k      | BR, BL, GF, FR | - All feeding equipment and lorries/ trailers/ feed boxes/ buckets used for transporting feed are maintained in a clean condition and are suitable for purpose  
- Particular attention is paid to cleaning between batches if feed contains additives or medication  |
| FW.l      | BR, BL, GF, FR | - There is evidence that efforts are made to protect feed from contamination  
- Storage facilities protect, as far as possible, against the harbouring of domestic animals, wildlife and vermin  
- In loose feed storage areas, lighting is covered or shatterproof bulbs are used  
- Risk of cross-contamination is minimised by ensuring feed is readily identifiable and keeping different feeds separate  
- Medicated feed is managed in a way which ensures withdrawal periods are met  |
| Where to find help | | - For advice on maintaining feed safety and quality see the Industry Code of Practice for On-farm Feeding  
- To check if your supplier is UFAS or FEMAS assured visit www.aictradeassurance.org.uk  
- For further guidance on the Feed Hygiene Regulation visit https://www.food.gov.uk/business-industry/farmingfood/animalfeed/animalfeedlegislation/approvregfeedguidance  
- To check if your mobile feed mixer contractor is assured visit www.naac.co.uk |
# ANIMAL HEALTH AND WELFARE (AH)

## STANDARDS | WHO | HOW YOU WILL BE MEASURED

### AIM: Proactive management of the health and welfare of all birds through planning and reviewing

| AH.a Key | BR, BL, GF, FR | The plan is:  
- specific to a farm or group of farms under same company’s controls  
- is prepared and reviewed by a vet  
- is reviewed annually or more often in the event of substantial changes to husbandry practices or poor performance  
- contains a strategy for the prevention and control of common diseases  
- sets out health and husbandry procedures covering the whole of the production cycle/year  
- sets out a vaccination programme, which is tailored to the needs of the farm  
- is available to all members of staff who have responsibility for birds |

| AH.b | BR, BL, GF, FR | Records are present for current and previous flocks  
Records are up-to-date  
Records include as a minimum:  
- number of ducklings or birds delivered  
- date ducklings delivered  
- origin of flock (hatchery, breeder flock)  
- breed  
- daily mortality rate and cumulative daily mortality rate, including culls  
- date of sale, number sold and average weight  
- litter used  
- any problems or extraordinary events  
- incidence of disease  
- post-mortem records  
- levels of PMI rejections  
- veterinary advice |

| AH.c | BR, BL, GF, FR | Regular review of records, to identify key issues  
If key issues are identified, veterinary advice is sought |

| AH.c.1 | GF, FR | Litter samples are taken two weeks prior to slaughter and tested  
Confirmed infected flocks are sent for slaughter at the end of the processing plant’s daily programme  
Where a flock has been confirmed as infected a written cleaning and disinfection procedure is implemented  
Composite faeces or boot samples are taken from each house at 20-24 weeks and thereafter every 12 weeks  
Egg supplies cease immediately if either S. enteritidis or S. typhimurium is positively confirmed in a house and the following steps are taken:  
- all unhatched eggs are recovered, destroyed and disposed of  
- a slaughter programme is implemented  
- a written cleaning and disinfection procedure appropriate to ensure effective eradication of the pathogen is implemented once depletion is complete  
inputs for subsequent flocks are not brought on farm until the farm is confirmed as Salmonella-negative  
Parent stock are vaccinated with an approved Salmonella enteritidis and S. typhimurium vaccine |

<p>| H | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AH.c.2</td>
<td>BR, BL, GF, FR, H</td>
<td>Where a flock has tested positive for Salmonella Enteritidis and/ or Typhimurium environmental swabs, representative of the building/ housing must be taken and building/ housing must not restocked until two negative results have been obtained</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AH.d</td>
<td>BR, BL, GF, FR</td>
<td>The health and welfare of birds must be met at all times</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Any health or welfare issues have been detected and are being managed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AH.d.1</td>
<td>GF, FR</td>
<td>Environmental enrichment in the form of bathing water and straw is provided at all times from day old</td>
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<td>50% of the drinker space is allocated as bathing water which equates to 30cm per 100 birds</td>
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<td>- the water facilities allow the duck to cover their head and take water up by the beak so that they can shake water over the body without difficulty</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- bathing water can be provided in, for example, troughs, bells, baths or showers</td>
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<tr>
<td>AH.e</td>
<td>BR, BL, GF, FR</td>
<td>The health and welfare of birds must be checked regularly</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Regular checks looking for signs of illness, injury and stress</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Flock inspection is carried out at least twice daily</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Ducklings are closely monitored on arrival</td>
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<td>Stockmen walk within 3m of every bird and encourage them to move</td>
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<td>Records of inspections are made and include observations, problems identified and any remedial action taken</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AH.f Key</td>
<td>BR, BL, GF, FR</td>
<td>Birds must be handled in a way that avoids injury and minimises stress</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AH.g Key</td>
<td>BR, BL, GF, FR, H</td>
<td>All persons looking after the health and welfare of birds/ ducklings must be demonstrably competent</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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<td>Staff have skills and knowledge in:</td>
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<tr>
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<td>- normal and abnormal bird behaviour</td>
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<td>- fear reactions</td>
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<td>- signs of good health and poor health and disease</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>- correct handling of birds</td>
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<td>- litter management</td>
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<td>- signs of thermal stress in birds and procedures to be followed in event of a problem</td>
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<td>You are satisfied that any contractors used are competent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AH.h Key</td>
<td>BR, BL, GF, FR, H</td>
<td>All poultry farms must retain the services of a named veterinary surgeon or practice</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AIM: Effective and appropriate management of sick or injured birds</td>
<td></td>
<td>Sick or injured birds/ ducklings must receive prompt attention in order that suffering is not prolonged</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AH.i Key</td>
<td>BR, BL, GF, FR, H</td>
<td>If mortality exceeds 0.5% in a 24 hour period the cause is investigated</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### STANDARDS

#### AH Key

**Birds/ ducklings that do not respond to treatment or require emergency euthanasia must be promptly and humanely euthanased by a trained and competent person**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>STANDARD</th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BR, BL, GF, FR</td>
<td>H</td>
<td>Decision to euthanase made by a trained and competent person</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Ducks of 3kg and under are euthanased by neck dislocation</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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<td>* Ducks over 3kg are euthanased by a percussion killer or equivalent method permitted by legislation and recommended by the Humane Slaughter Association (HSA)</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Staff that euthanase birds are trained</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Where to find help

- Guidance on animal health and disease can be found at www.nadis.org.uk
- The Humane Slaughter Association provide information on euthanasia on their website www.hsa.org.uk

### HATCHERY EGGS (HC)

#### AIM: Hatchery eggs are fit for purpose

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<thead>
<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>H</td>
<td>Hatchery has ensured that breeding flocks supplying eggs have been tested for Salmonella</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H</td>
<td>This standard does not apply to this sector</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H</td>
<td>One way product flow must be maintained from egg receipt to duckling dispatch</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>H</td>
<td>Filters are cleaned/ changed weekly or in accordance with manufacturers instructions</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Records of weekly filter checks are kept</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exhaust systems must take into account where down and dust may go and who may be affected by it</td>
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<tr>
<td>H</td>
<td>Staff are aware of these requirements and are provided with dedicated protective clothing and footwear</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Equipment is segregated between ‘clean’ and ‘dirty’ areas</td>
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<tr>
<td>STANDARDS</td>
<td>WHO</td>
<td>HOW YOU WILL BE MEASURED</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
| **HC.f**  | H   | - Fumigation and sanitising parameters are recorded for each batch | **R**
| All eggs must be fumigated or sanitised prior to setting | | - Fumigation/ sanitising parameter records
| | | - Written fumigation Procedure |
| **HC.g**  | H   |  | **R**
| Incubation hatcher and setter equipment must be easy to clean, in good working order and sealed to the floor | | - Incubator or Hatchery Programme |
| **HC.g.1**| H   |  | **R**
| Automation and conveyors must not cause injury to ducklings | | - Incubator or Hatchery Programme |
| **HC.g.2**| H   |  | **R**
| The appropriate incubator or hatchery programme for the machine used must be available for inspection | | - Incubator or Hatchery Programme |
| **HC.h**  | H   |  | **R**
| The hatchery must have a dedicated egg store and a designated setter room | | - Daily records of temperatures in incubator and hatcher rooms |
| **HC.i**  | H   | - The relevant appendix provides further detail on temperatures and humidities in the hatchery | **R**
| Eggs must be stored in a temperature and humidity controlled room | | - Daily records of temperatures in incubator and hatcher rooms |
| **HC.j**  | H   | - The following can be identified for each egg: | **R**
| Hatching eggs must be identifiable | | - farm of origin
| | | - date of lay
| | | - flock/ house ID
| | | - age of flock
<p>| | | - Floor eggs and dirty nest eggs are labelled and stored separately |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>STANDARDS</th>
<th>WHO</th>
<th>HOW YOU WILL BE MEASURED</th>
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</thead>
</table>
| **HC.k**  | H   | - Production records include:  
|           |     |   - farm of origin  
|           |     |   - date of lay  
|           |     |   - date of collection and vehicle identity  
|           |     |   - setting date  
|           |     |   - setter number  
|           |     |   - transfer date  
|           |     |   - hatchery number  
|           |     |   - poult and cull numbers (hatchability)  
|           |     |   - transport records, which include quantity, destination and drivers name  
|           |     |   - placement details  
|           |     |   - dead in shell analysis |

| **HC.I**   | H   | - Vehicles are fitted with:  
|           |     |   - fans  
|           |     |   - a cooling system  
|           |     |   - a temperature recording system  
|           |     |   - an in-cab read-out  
|           |     |   - a load-locking system  
|           |     |   - a tail-lift  
|           |     | - Vehicles are easily cleanable  
|           |     | - If carrying ducklings the driver has means of communication in the event of emergency  
|           |     | - If the load is left unattended it is locked/security tagged |

| **HC.m**   | H   | - Vehicles are cleaned internally between loads  
|           |     | - Vehicles are cleaned between loads, unless a split delivery is being carried out, where it is cleaned on completely unloading |

**BREEDER LAYER EGGS (BE)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>STANDARDS</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>BE.a</strong></td>
<td>BL</td>
<td>- This standard is not applicable to this sector</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>BE.b</strong></td>
<td>BL</td>
<td>- Egg collecting staff must sanitise their hands prior to handling eggs and between handling floor eggs and nest eggs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>BE.c</strong></td>
<td>BL</td>
<td>- All eggs found to be cracked, defective or dirty must be identified and rejected. These eggs and floor eggs must be kept separate from clean eggs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>BE.d</strong></td>
<td>BL</td>
<td>- Eggs are collected at least once per day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STANDARDS</td>
<td>WHO</td>
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<td>--------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BE.e</td>
<td>BL</td>
<td>■ Storage rooms are no more than 21°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BE.f</td>
<td>BL</td>
<td>■ All eggs selected for hatching must be placed in clean, dry trays and placed into suitable storage rooms as soon as possible</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BE.g</td>
<td>BL</td>
<td>■ Hatching eggs must be marked with a black mark using an indelible pen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BE.h</td>
<td>BL</td>
<td>■ Each trolley must be marked with the breeder farm and date laid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BE.i</td>
<td>BL</td>
<td>■ Egg collection records must be kept</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**STANDARDS WHO HOW YOU WILL BE MEASURED**

**STANDARDS WHO HOW YOU WILL BE MEASURED**

**BE.e**  
All eggs selected for hatching must be placed in clean, dry trays and placed into suitable storage rooms as soon as possible

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Hatching eggs must be marked with a black mark using an indelible pen

**BE.g**  
Each trolley must be marked with the breeder farm and date laid

**BE.h**  
Egg collection records must be kept

**STANDARDS WHO HOW YOU WILL BE MEASURED**

**STANDARDS WHO HOW YOU WILL BE MEASURED**

**BE.i**  
Egg collection records are kept for three years and include the following details:
- quantities collected
- quantity of floor eggs
- number of reject eggs

**STANDARDS WHO HOW YOU WILL BE MEASURED**

**STANDARDS WHO HOW YOU WILL BE MEASURED**

**BIOSECURITY AND DISEASE CONTROL (BI)**

**AIM: Effective biosecurity measures to prevent the spread of disease and protect food safety and bird health**

**BI.a Key**  
Control measures must be in place to minimise the spread of disease within the farm/hatchery and between other farms/hatcheries

**BI.b**  
Access to the farm/hatchery must be limited to essential visitors only and visitor records must be kept

**BI.c Key**  
There must be defined biosecure areas on each farm/hatchery

**BI.c.1**  
There must be no staff or visitor car parking within the biosecure area

**BI.d Key**  
Foot dips must be provided at the entrance to each biosecure area and must be used by all who enter them

**BI.e**  
Storage rooms are no more than 21°C

**BI.f**  
Hatching eggs must be marked with a black mark using an indelible pen

**BI.g**  
Each trolley must be marked with the breeder farm and date laid

**BI.h**  
Egg collection records must be kept

**BI.i**  
Egg collection records are kept for three years and include the following details:
- quantities collected
- quantity of floor eggs
- number of reject eggs

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**BI.b**  
Access to the farm/hatchery must be limited to essential visitors only and visitor records must be kept

**BI.c Key**  
There must be defined biosecure areas on each farm/hatchery

**BI.c.1**  
There must be no staff or visitor car parking within the biosecure area

**BI.d Key**  
Foot dips must be provided at the entrance to each biosecure area and must be used by all who enter them

**BI.e**  
Records should include date, time of arrival, name, organisation, contact number

**BI.f**  
Visitors certify that they are not suffering any enteric illness and declare recent visits to poultry farms

**BI.g**  
Entry is refused if the health and welfare of birds could be compromised

**BI.h**  
Biosecure areas include, but are not limited to, each bird area, feed stores, litter stores

**BI.i**  
Defra approved disinfectants are used

**BI.j**  
Disinfectants are used in accordance with manufacturers’ instructions

**BI.k**  
Disinfectant solutions used in foot dips are replaced on a prescribed basis and this is recorded

**BI.l**  
Biosecurity plan/policy

**BI.m**  
Visitor records

**BI.n**  
Farm map showing all biosecure areas

**BI.o**  
Foot dip records
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>STANDARDS</th>
<th>WHO</th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BI.e Key</td>
<td>BR, BL, GF, FR, H</td>
<td>- Foot dips are used before entering the live bird area</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BI.f</td>
<td>BR, BL, GF, FR, H</td>
<td>- This standard does not apply to this sector</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BI.g Key</td>
<td>BR, BL, GF, FR, H</td>
<td>- Hand sanitizers or hand wash facilities must be present and must be used before entrance and after exit of the biosecure bird area</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BI.h Key</td>
<td>BR, BL, GF, FR, H</td>
<td>- Farm dedicated protective clothing must be supplied to and worn by all when on-farm/ in the hatchery. Clothing must be washed or discarded between flocks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BI.i Key</td>
<td>BR, BL, GF, FR, H</td>
<td>- Toilets and hand washing facilities must be available and must consist of a basin with hot water, bactericidal soap and disposable towels or hand driers. Hands are washed prior to starting work, after dead bird/ duckling handling, after meals and after visits to the toilet. If portaloos are provided, cold water for washing hands is acceptable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BI.j Key</td>
<td>GF, FR</td>
<td>- The farm must operate a period free of all birds between flock cycles</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BI.k Key</td>
<td>BR, BL, GF, FR, H</td>
<td>- All vehicles, including wheels, and equipment must be cleaned and disinfected on entering and exiting the farm/ hatchery. Effective vehicle disinfection facilities and drainage. Defra-approved disinfectants for both General Orders and for diseases of poultry are used. Disinfectants are used in accordance with manufacturers' instructions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BI.l</td>
<td>BR, BL, GF, FR, H</td>
<td>- The farm/ hatchery must have an area of clean concrete, metalled surface or rolled stone which is large enough for a collection vehicle or feed lorry to stand</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BI.m</td>
<td>BR, BL, GF, FR, H</td>
<td>- Permanent standing water must not accumulate on the farm</td>
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## BI: Hygiene Standards

### BI.n
Employed and contracted staff must not keep or have contact with other poultry or any avian species

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WHO</th>
<th>HOW YOU WILL BE MEASURED</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BR, BL, GF, FR, H</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### BI.o
Toilets, offices, stores and break rooms must be kept clean and tidy

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WHO</th>
<th>HOW YOU WILL BE MEASURED</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BR, BL, GF, FR, H</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### BI.p
Smoking and the consumption of food and drink must be restricted to designated areas

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WHO</th>
<th>HOW YOU WILL BE MEASURED</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BR, BL, GF, FR, H</td>
<td>Designated areas are not within bird areas</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## ANIMAL MEDICINES AND HUSBANDRY PROCEDURES (AM)

### AM: Responsible and competent use of medicines and veterinary treatments

#### AM.a Key
Medicines must be authorised for use in the UK and used appropriately

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WHO</th>
<th>HOW YOU WILL BE MEASURED</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| BR, BL, GF, FR, H | No use of antibiotic growth promoters; anabolic agents, including growth-promoting hormonal products; or similar substances, which are illegal  
Prescription Only Medicines are used in accordance with the prescription  
POM-V are prescribed by a vet  
POM-VPS are prescribed by a vet, pharmacist or Suitable Qualified Person (SQP)  
General Sales Medicines (AVM-GSL) (non-prescription) are used in accordance with manufacturers’ or veterinary instructions  
An approved medicines list has been compiled by the producer, in agreement with a vet – list specifies storage, administration, active ingredient, withdrawal periods and should make reference to the correct dosage, duration and circumstances for use |

#### AM.b Key
Medicines and veterinary treatments must only be administered by demonstrably competent persons

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WHO</th>
<th>HOW YOU WILL BE MEASURED</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BR, BL, GF, FR, H</td>
<td>Person undertaking task has relevant experience or training</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### AM.c
Medicines must be kept in an appropriate locked store, in accordance with the manufacturers’ instructions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WHO</th>
<th>HOW YOU WILL BE MEASURED</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| BR, BL, GF, FR, H | Stored in a locked cupboard/ safe/ chest/ locked room  
Medicines that require refrigeration and are stored in a domestic fridge are stored in a container |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>STANDARDS</th>
<th>WHO</th>
<th>HOW YOU WILL BE MEASURED</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>AM.d</strong>&lt;br&gt;Medicines, medicine containers and used sharps must be stored</td>
<td>BR, BL, GF, FR, H</td>
<td>Unbreakable/ shatterproof storage containers used</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>safely pending disposal and be disposed of responsibly</td>
<td></td>
<td>- Medicines, medicine containers and used sharps are disposed of in line with manufacturers’ advice or via a veterinary practice or business with the relevant waste transfer licence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- Medicines that require disposal include:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- medicines past their use-by date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- opened medicines not used within the specified timescale</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- medicines stored incorrectly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- Medicine disposal records include:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- identity of medicine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- quantity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- route of disposal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>AM.e</strong>&lt;br&gt;Records for all medicines purchased must be kept for five</td>
<td>BR, BL, GF, FR, H</td>
<td>Medicine purchase records include:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>years</td>
<td></td>
<td>- identity of medicine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- quantity of medicine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- date of purchase</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- name and address of supplier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- batch number(s)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- expiry date(s)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>AM.e.1</strong>&lt;br&gt;If birds are given medicated feed(s) Medicated Feedingstuff</td>
<td>BR, BL, GF, FR</td>
<td>For integrated/ corporate operations the MFSPs may be held centrally by the parent organisation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prescription(s) (MFSP) must be kept for five years</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>AM.f</strong>&lt;br&gt;Key&lt;br&gt;Records for all medicines administered must be kept for</td>
<td>BR, BL, GF, FR, H</td>
<td>Treatments including vaccinations, anaesthetic, antibiotics and anti-parasitic control are recorded</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>five years</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>AM.f.1</strong>&lt;br&gt;Total antibiotic used per crop must be measured as</td>
<td>GF, FR</td>
<td>Total figure of antibiotic used per crop known by farm manager</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Milligrams active antibiotic per population correction unit (Mg/pcu) and</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>recorded</td>
<td></td>
<td>Total antibiotic used per crop calculated using the following method: ‘Milligrammes of active antibiotic used per crop’ divided by (‘number of birds slaughtered including rejects x 1.75kg’).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STANDARDS</td>
<td>WHO</td>
<td>HOW YOU WILL BE MEASURED</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>--------------------------</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| AM.f.2 Antibiotic usage must be supported by veterinary intervention | GF, FR | Use of antibiotic supported by at least one of the following:  
- post mortem report  
- site visit report by veterinarian  
- other written instruction from a qualified veterinarian |
| AM.f.3 Prophylactic administration of antibiotic is not permitted | GF, FR | Antibiotics are used only therapeutically |
| AM.f.4 The use of 3rd and 4th Generation Cephalosporins, Glycopeptides and Colistin are not permitted | GR, FR | Where Fluoroquinolones and/or Macrolides are used, veterinary justification is available in one or more of the following forms:  
- post mortem report  
- vet site visit reports  
- veterinary instructions |
<p>| AM.f.5 The use of Macrolides and Fluoroquinolones are permitted only in exceptional circumstances and only under specific direction of the supervising veterinarian and written agreement from a company director of the company purchasing the birds from the farm | GR, FR | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>STANDARDS</th>
<th>WHO</th>
<th>HOW YOU WILL BE MEASURED</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| AM.f.6    | BR, BL | - Routine use relates to the use of antibiotics at day-old without a risk based assessment having taken place  
|           |       | - If antibiotics are used on day-old placements a written recommendation from the vet is in place |

**AIM: Prevention of contamination in food**

| AM.g Key | BR, BL, GF, FR, H | - System in place that insures that no birds are presented for slaughter before the withdrawal period has expired |

**AIM: Responsible and competent undertaking of husbandry procedures**

| AM.h | GF, FR | |
| AM.h.1 | BR, BL | - There is evidence that measures are in place to prevent further need to carry out bill trimming |

Where to find help

- For guidance on the responsible use of medicines visit www.ruma.org.uk

**FALLEN STOCK (FS)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>STANDARDS</th>
<th>WHO</th>
<th>HOW YOU WILL BE MEASURED</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FS.a</td>
<td>BR, BL, GF, FR, H</td>
<td>- Evidence that checks for fallen stock are regularly conducted and any found are promptly removed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FS.b</td>
<td>BR, BL, GF, FR, H</td>
<td>- Carcasses are stored in locked containers</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| FS.c      | BR, BL, GF, FR, H | - Carcasses are disposed of before they present an infestation/health risk  
|           |       | - Carcasses are not buried or burnt (other than by incineration)  
|           |       | - On-farm incinerators are covered by a species specific approval document issued by the APHA |

Where to find help

- For guidance on animal by-products; storage, collection and disposal visit https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/guidance-for-the-animal-by-product-industry#transport,-storage,-handling-and-incineration
# RESPONSIBLE USE OF AGROCHEMICALS (AG)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>STANDARDS</th>
<th>WHO</th>
<th>HOW YOU WILL BE MEASURED</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>AIM:</strong> Agrochemicals are stored, applied and disposed of in a manner that prevents contamination and pollution</td>
<td>BR, BL, GF, FR, H</td>
<td>Agrochemicals include, but are not limited to, Plant Protection Products (PPPs), inorganic fertilisers, agricultural fuel oil, empty containers, disinfectants, rodenticides, other chemical products. Agrochemicals are approved for use in the UK. PPPs kept in their original packaging, or if packaging is broken they are transferred to a suitable container with a fitted lid/cap and display original label information. Emergency facilities are available for dealing with spillages e.g. bucket of sand/absorbent granules/an adequate sump/bunding. Inorganic fertilisers are stored on hard, dry surfaces and not stored with flammable materials. Fuel tanks are bunded in accordance with the Appendix.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>AG.a Key</strong></td>
<td>BR, BL, GF, FR, H</td>
<td>Agrochemicals are stored in a manner that minimises the risk of contamination and pollution.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>AG.b Recommendation</strong></td>
<td>BR, BL, GF, FR, H</td>
<td>If PPPs are used it is recommended that an Integrated Pest Management (IPM) plan is completed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>AG.c Key</strong></td>
<td>BR, BL, GR, FR, H</td>
<td>Agrochemicals must be applied in a manner that minimises the risk of contamination and pollution. Applications relate to, but are not limited to, grazing, forage, conservation land, areas surrounding buildings. PPPs are not applied in unsuitable conditions e.g. when there is a risk of drift to non-target areas or soil conditions are unsuitable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>AG.c.1</strong></td>
<td>BR, BL, GR, FR, H</td>
<td>Agrochemicals must be applied by competent persons. Manufacturers’ instructions are followed at all times during handling and filling, application and disposal. PPP application is undertaken by operators holding relevant City and Guilds NPTC Pesticide Application certificates or equivalent.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>AG.d</strong></td>
<td>BR, BL, GR, FR, H</td>
<td>All PPP application equipment must be maintained and tested. Boom sprayers hold an NSTS test certificate and are NSTS tested at least once every 5 years. Foggers/ misters/ batch dippers and granular applicators hold an NSTS test certificate and are NSTS tested at least once every 6 years. All application equipment less than 5 years old, knapsacks and handheld applicators do not need an NSTS certificate. PPP application equipment is calibrated at least annually.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>AG.e</strong></td>
<td>BR, BL, GR, FR, H</td>
<td>Records must be kept of all PPP applications. Records kept for applications made by staff and contractors. PPP application records include: name of crop/area treated and total area treated (e.g. ha), name of operator, application date, start and finish time, name of product applied, information about product (e.g. grazing interval), dose rate, water volume, total product used, weather conditions (e.g. wind speed/direction).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### NUTRIENT MANAGEMENT (NM)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>STANDARDS</th>
<th>WHO</th>
<th>HOW YOU WILL BE MEASURED</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>AIM:</strong> Organic manures/ fertilisers/ soil improvement products are stored and applied in a manner that prevents contamination and pollution</td>
<td>BR, BL, GR, FR, H</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>NM.a Key</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A Manure Management Plan must be kept and followed when applying manures and/or slurries to land</td>
<td>BR, BL, GR, FR, H</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>NM.b Key</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Organic manure must be stored in a manner that minimises the risk of contamination and pollution</td>
<td>BR, BL, GR, FR, H</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>NM.c Key</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fertilisers/ soil improvement products must be suitable for their intended use</td>
<td>BR, BL, GR, FR, H</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>NM.c.1 Key</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fertilisers must be applied in a manner that minimises the risk of contamination or pollution</td>
<td>BR, BL, GR, FR, H</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>NM.c.2</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fertiliser application equipment must be maintained</td>
<td>BR, BL, GR, FR, H</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Where to find help**
- For information on the importance of fertiliser security visit www.secureyourfertiliser.gov.uk
- For guidance on fertiliser use see Defra Fertiliser Manual RB209
- To find out the environmental state of water bodies around and through your land use the Environment Agency’s What’s in your Backyard Tool which can be found on the Environment Agency website
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>STANDARDS</th>
<th>WHO</th>
<th>HOW YOU WILL BE MEASURED</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Note, the Depopulation (DE) section now only includes those existing standards which are the responsibility of the farmer. The standards which are the responsibility of the catchers and/or haulier are now incorporated into the Red tractor Assurance Poultry Catching and Transport Scheme.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>AIM: The health and welfare of birds is maintained during depopulation</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DE.e</td>
<td>The person responsible for birds must be present at depopulation</td>
<td>BR, BL, GR, FR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DE.f</td>
<td>A loading area must be available for the loading of birds for transport and must be clean, tidy and hygienically managed</td>
<td>BR, BL, GR, FR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DE.j Key</td>
<td>Feed must not be withdrawn for more than nine hours prior to catching</td>
<td>BR, BL, GR, FR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DE.k</td>
<td>Water must be available up to catching</td>
<td>BR, BL, GR, FR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>AIM: The biosecure area is maintained during depopulation</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DE.x.1</td>
<td>There must be a system in place for a designated person to inspect forklifts and other catching equipment, including catchers’ transport, for cleanliness and disinfection with a Defra approved disinfectant prior to entry to the biosecure area</td>
<td>BR, BL, GR, FR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DE.y</td>
<td>Clean and tidy facilities must be made available for catchers to use during breaks</td>
<td>BR, BL, GR, FR</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- If catchers use their own company vehicle for breaks, controls are in place to ensure it is clean and disinfected on entry to the biosecure area.
Appendix VC.b

VERMIN CONTROL

Site Survey
A site survey is a record of every inspection and/or survey undertaken; inspecting the farm for signs of rodent activity or environmental management requirements. The site survey must outline the following:

- Date of inspection
- Locations inspected
- Findings (including type, level and extent of infestation and all potential opportunities e.g. feed spills/gaps/habitats)
- Actions required (including what needs to be completed and by whom)
- Date completed (initials to verify)

Where the site survey identifies a rodent infestation, the concept of a ‘risk hierarchy’ must be used when considering the rodent control strategy. This means considering the use of non-chemical control methods first, followed by the least toxic alternatives.

![Risk Hierarchy Diagram]

Environmental Risk Assessment
Where actions are identified as part of the site survey which involve the use of rodenticides, an environmental risk assessment must be carried out. The risk assessment must cover the following:

- What the treatment is designed to achieve, what methods of rodent control will be used and how success will be measured
- Which non-target species may be present in or near the treatment site
- What steps have been/will be taken to prevent, or adequately control, exposure of wildlife/domestic pets and the environment
- How dead rodents and rodenticides will be disposed of
- Once the infestation has been removed/controlled, what measures can be implemented to prevent re-infestation
VERMIN CONTROL

Bait Plan
A plan must be in place to control vermin and records must be kept of baits used and checks made. The plan should be completed by the person with responsibility for vermin management and must be kept up-to-date. The plan must be kept for 2 years following changes.

The bait plan must cover the following:
- Map of bait point locations
- Bait used
- Bait point inspection and replenishment dates

COSHH Assessment
The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (the COSHH assessment) requires assessments are carried out to identify any risks to operators and others who may be affected by treatments involving hazardous substances. The Health and Safety Executive provide an e-tool for completing the COSHH assessment, which can be found here: http://coshh-tool.hse.gov.uk/.

# Accepted Feed Assurance Schemes:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Abbreviated Scheme Name</th>
<th>Full Scheme Name</th>
<th>Scope of the Scheme</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UFAS (AIC)</td>
<td>Universal Feed Assurance Scheme</td>
<td>Assured compound feeds, complementary feeds, licks, pre-mixtures and feed ingredients/ materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FEMAS (AIC)</td>
<td>Feed Materials Assurance Scheme</td>
<td>Production of and trade in feed ingredients/ feed materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TASCC (AIC)</td>
<td>Trade Assurance Scheme for Combinable Crops</td>
<td>Whole combinable crops. <em>Note: this scheme covers crops storage and transport. Farm assurance is covered by the schemes listed below.</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GTAS</td>
<td>Gfta Trade Assurance Scheme</td>
<td>Trade in feed ingredients/ feed materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IGAS</td>
<td>Irish Grain Assurance Scheme</td>
<td>Whole combinable crops. <em>Note: this scheme covers crops storage and transport. Farm assurance is covered by the schemes listed below.</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COCERAL GTP</td>
<td>European trade body for Agro supply and animal feeds</td>
<td>Trade in feed ingredients/ feed materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GMP+ (PDV)</td>
<td>Dutch Product Board for Animal Feed</td>
<td>Assured compound feeds, complementary feeds, licks, pre-mixtures and feed ingredients/ materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FAMI-QS</td>
<td>European Feed Additives And Pre-mixtures Quality System</td>
<td>Feed additives and pre-mixtures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BFBI scheme</td>
<td>Brewing, Food &amp; Beverage Industry Suppliers Association</td>
<td>Certifies grains from smaller breweries</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RTAOS</td>
<td>Red Tractor Assurance Cold Crush Oilseeds Scheme</td>
<td>Certifies meal from cold crush oilseeds</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

# Accepted Farm Assurance Schemes:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Abbreviated Scheme Name</th>
<th>Full Scheme Name</th>
<th>Scope of the Scheme</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RTA Combinable Crops and Sugar Beet</td>
<td>Red Tractor Assurance for Farms - Combinable Crops and Sugar Beet Scheme</td>
<td>Combinable crops &amp; sugar beet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SQC</td>
<td>Scottish Quality Farm Assured Combinable Crops Ltd</td>
<td>Combinable crops</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NIFQACS</td>
<td>Northern Ireland Farm Quality Assured Cereals Scheme</td>
<td>Combinable crops</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SAFA</td>
<td>Soil Association Farm Assurance (Crops module)</td>
<td>Combinable crops</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RTA Fresh Produce</td>
<td>Red Tractor Assurance for Farms - Fresh Produce Scheme</td>
<td>Produce – vegetables, fruits and root crops</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Appendix AG.a

STORAGE OF POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS

Potential pollutants must be stored in a manner that minimises the risk of them causing contamination or pollution. There are a range of potential pollutants, but some specific examples relevant to livestock farmers and how they should be managed are included below. For more information and the full legal requirements visit https://www.gov.uk/guidance/storing-silage-slurry-and-agricultural-fuel-oil.

Applicable to all agrochemical storage

- Storage facilities must be at least 10 metres from watercourses and at least 50 metres from a well/ spring/ borehole
- Agrochemical store must be fit for purpose and maintained

Silage, Slurry and Agricultural Fuel Oil (SSAFO) Storage

There are exemptions from the Water Resources (Control of Pollution) (Silage, Slurry and Agricultural Fuel Oil) (England) Regulations 2010 (or equivalent) for installations built before prescribed dates. Those dates are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Slurry/Silage</th>
<th>Agricultural Fuel Oil</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>England</td>
<td>1991</td>
<td>1991 or where less than 1500 litres stored on farm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wales</td>
<td>1991</td>
<td>1991 or where less than 1500 litres stored on farm*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scotland</td>
<td>2003</td>
<td>2003 or where less than 1250 litres stored on farm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Northern Ireland</td>
<td>2003</td>
<td>2003 or where tank capacity does not exceed 1250 litres</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*From 15 March 2020 all Agricultural Fuel Oil storage must meet the requirements of the Oil Storage (Wales) Regulations 2016

Agricultural Fuel Oil (excluding domestic only tanks, mobile and underground tanks)

- There must be an impermeable bund. The bund is either at least 110% capacity of the individual tank, or if there is more than one tank within the bund, 25% of the total or 110% of the largest tank
- There must be an outlet within bund (NB – with double skinned tanks, in principle the outer skin can act as the bund for the inner tank however this benefit is lost if the outlet is at the bottom of the tank as any leakage through or around the outlet will not be captured)

Note: It is best practice for all fuel tanks to be bunded even if they benefit from exemptions to the legislation
A Manure Management Plan must be kept and followed when applying manures and/or slurries to land. Where land falls in an NVZ, a completed and more detailed plan should already be in place and will meet the scheme requirements.

The scheme recommends the use of the Tried and Tested website (www.nutrientmanagement.org) for resources, templates and in the development of your Manure Management Plan.

**As a minimum, all holdings must have a Manure Management Plan that:**
- includes a farm map identifying where and when manure can/ cannot be applied. The map must show the areas stated in table A – and it is recommended that colour coding is used
- includes calculations of the Total Area Required to apply the manure/ slurry produced without exceeding a total nitrogen application rate of 250kg/ha/year (or less as required by legislation). Use the following calculation and the hectares needed by stock unit in Table B:
  - Number of stock units (by stock type) x months housed x Ha needed by stock unit = Total Area Required
  - E.g. 75 cows (650kg) x 6months x 0.039 = 17.55 ha required

If the map and calculations prove you have a Total Spreadable Area greater than the Total Area Required, the plan is complete. If the Total Spreadable Area is less than the Total Area Required, a more detailed plan or an alternative action is necessary.

### Table A

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Area</th>
<th>Area includes, but is not limited to:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Non-spreading areas</td>
<td>Fields where manure would not normally be spread; non-farmed woodlands or fields too far away from farm buildings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water</td>
<td>Any ditches, watercourses and ponds, springs, wells and boreholes used for drinking water or farm dairies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Do not spread areas</td>
<td>Areas where manure should not be spread. At least 10m either side of ditches and watercourses, 50m around springs, wells and boreholes, steep slopes with a high risk of run-off, Environmentally Sensitive Areas, Sites of Specific Scientific Interest</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High risk areas</td>
<td>Fields next to a watercourse, spring or borehole with soil at field capacity with moderate slope or slowly permeable soil; where soil depth over fissured rock is less than 30cm; with effective pipe or field drains</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Very high risk areas</td>
<td>Fields likely to flood in some/ most winters; next to a watercourse, spring or borehole where surface is severely compacted or waterlogged or have a steep slope and the soil is at field capacity or have a moderate slope and slowly permeable soil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Low risk areas</td>
<td>All other areas not already marked</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
MANURE MANAGEMENT PLAN

Table B

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Stock Unit</th>
<th>Hectares needed by Stock Unit</th>
<th>Stock Unit</th>
<th>Hectares needed by stock unit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cow (650kg)</td>
<td>0.039</td>
<td>Bull</td>
<td>0.019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cow (550kg)</td>
<td>0.032</td>
<td>Youngstock 1-2yr (400kg)</td>
<td>0.016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cow (450kg)</td>
<td>0.025</td>
<td>Youngstock 6-12months</td>
<td>0.008</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heifer 2yr+ (500kg)</td>
<td>0.019</td>
<td>Calf</td>
<td>0.005</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adult Sheep</td>
<td>0.003</td>
<td>Lamb (6-12 months)</td>
<td>0.002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lamb (up to 6 months)</td>
<td>0.001</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hectares needed by pig</td>
<td></td>
<td>Hectares needed by pig</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>at 250kg/ha</td>
<td></td>
<td>at 250kg/ha</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maiden gilts</td>
<td>0.052</td>
<td>0.076</td>
<td>0.025</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Breeding sows &amp; boars</td>
<td>0.080</td>
<td>0.118</td>
<td>0.042</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weaners 4-8 weeks</td>
<td>0.013</td>
<td>0.019</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SAFE APPLICATIONS TO LAND

This appendix provides guidance on making applications to land. All applications to land must be carried out in accordance with legislation. Environmental Permits or exemptions must be held where applicable. If your farm is in an NVZ you must also follow NVZ rules. The Environment Agency website has information on spreading waste on land which may be helpful.

Note: Producers should always check with buyers to ensure that any applications of sludge, compost, digestate and other materials originating outside the farm are acceptable to customers.

Sewage Sludge (biosolids)

It is recommended that sewage sludge is assured under the Biosolids Assurance Scheme.

Untreated sewage sludge has not been permitted on any agricultural land since 2006.

Treated sewage sludges can only be used under strictly controlled conditions. Prior to application the soil must be tested by the sludge supplier. Applications of sewage sludge to land must be in accordance with suppliers’ instructions (i.e. the way the sludge has been treated may affect where and when the sludge can be applied).

Two types of treated sewage sludge are permitted by the scheme:

1. Conventionally treated sludge - has been subjected to defined treatment processes and standards that ensure at least 99% of pathogens have been destroyed. The most common form of treatment is anaerobic digestion.

2. Enhanced treated sludge - will be free from Salmonella and will have been treated so as to ensure that 99.9999% of pathogens present in the original sludge have been destroyed.

Farmyard Manure (FYM) and Slurry – Fresh, Stored or Treated

Using the following steps as a guide will help to ensure that manures are used efficiently:

- Know the nutrient contents of applied manures
- Apply manures evenly and at known rates
- Where appropriate, rapidly incorporate manures or use an application technique that will minimise ammonia losses
- Apply manures in spring, where possible, to reduce nitrate leaching losses
- Take the nutrient content of applied manures into account when calculating inorganic fertiliser applications

Spreading manures onto pasture is a valuable source of nutrients but can play a role in transferring disease to healthy stock. The main risk is from spreading fresh, unstored slurry or manure. Risks are reduced by storage, low application rates and leaving pasture for as long as possible before grazing.

Note: The scheme recommends that poultry manure is not applied to grazing land or grassland to be harvested due to the risks associated with botulism.

Compost, Digestates and other Recycled Materials

It is recommended that digestates and composts sourced from external contractors for application to land have been produced to the relevant PAS specification (PAS 110 for digestate, PAS 100 for compost) and are applied following the associated Quality Protocol. The specifications and Quality Protocols provide safeguards on the feedstock materials, the processing stages and end product quality.

Where anaerobic digestate is produced from an energy crop feedstock (e.g. maize) and there is no pasteurisation step there is a risk that plant pathogens, for example Fusarium spp., may be present. It is recommended that energy crop digestate is ploughed in before drilling a subsequent cereal crop.
## Safe Applications to Land Matrix

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Application</th>
<th>Grazing/harvest interval</th>
<th>Including animal by-products (ABP)</th>
<th>Not including animal by-products (ABP)</th>
<th>Conventional treated sewage sludge</th>
<th>Enhanced treated sewage sludge</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Combinable crops (inc. homefed)</td>
<td>May be applied before and after drilling/planting</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>May be applied before and after drilling/planting</td>
<td>For all combinable crops may be applied before and after drilling/planting</td>
<td>For all combinable crops may be applied before and after drilling/planting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grassland and forage – grazed</td>
<td>At minimum a 4 week no-graze interval applies. It is recommended that there is an 8 week no graze interval for adult livestock and a 6 month no graze interval for youngstock</td>
<td>A no-graze interval of 2 months for pigs and 3 weeks for other livestock applies</td>
<td>A no-graze interval of 3 weeks applies</td>
<td>A no-graze interval of 3 weeks applies and sludge must be deep injected or ploughed in</td>
<td>A no-graze interval of 3 weeks applies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grassland and forage – harvested</td>
<td>A no-harvest interval of 4 weeks applies</td>
<td>A no-harvest interval of 2 months for pigs and 3 weeks for other livestock applies</td>
<td>A no-harvest interval of 3 weeks applies</td>
<td>A no-harvest interval of 3 weeks applies</td>
<td>A no-harvest interval of 3 weeks applies</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Cropping Categories*

| Combinable crops | Wheat, Barley, Oats, Rye, Triticale, Peas, Beans, Linseed/ flax, Oilseed rape, Sugarbeet, Sunflower, Borage |
| Grassland and forage – grazed        | Grass, Forage swedes and turnips, Fodder mangolds, Fodder beet, Fodder kale, Forage rye and triticale, Turf |
| Grassland and forage – harvested     | Grass silage, Silage maize, Haylage, Hay, Herbage seeds |

*not an exhaustive list
The Red Tractor Assurance Scheme exists to certify and signify the conformance by each of its members to a series of integrated standards that apply to different farming enterprises and different steps in the food supply chain.

As a business operating in the farming or food supply industry, you can apply to join the Scheme for a single farming enterprise or food supply chain activity or whatever combination of enterprises or activities fits your business needs.

To become and remain a member, you must at all times conform to the standards and the membership rules (as they may both be amended by RTA from time to time).

To join the Scheme, you should contact any one of the Certification Bodies who are independent contractors, licensed by RTA to manage membership (although, for dairy farms, your first purchaser of milk will choose a Certification Body and arrange your application or transfers, as appropriate). You will find all the enterprises and activities that the Scheme covers and the Certification Bodies listed on the back page of this booklet. You can apply to join at any time throughout the year and your membership must be renewed annually. You will need to enter a contract directly with your chosen Certification Body and that contract will (in addition to these Rules) govern the terms on which your Certification Body will manage your initial application, assessment and certification against the standards and your annual renewal. The Certification Body will also be your routine point of contact.

Before applying, you are advised to carefully read the membership rules and the standards which set out what you have to do and how you will be assessed. If you operate more than one farming enterprise or food supply chain activity, you can select which of these you want to be assessed and certified. If applying for more than one, your Certification Body may apply a discount and will co-ordinate the assessment together in a single visit where possible. Alternatively, you can choose more than one Certification Body for the different enterprises or activities and the assessments will be carried out separately.

You may change your Certification Body at any time and still maintain 'Red Tractor Assured' status as long as you have no outstanding non-conformances or obligations. If you are not satisfied with the way your application, assessment or certification decision has been conducted, you may lodge an appeal in writing with your Certification Body within such time period as your Certification Body may stipulate from time to time. All appeals will be investigated and dealt with in accordance with the Certification Body’s appeal procedure or, if so directed, RTA’s appeal procedure.

Your attention is drawn in particular to the limitation of liability provisions set out in Rules 74 – 76.

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1 With the exception of: (a) Dairy, where beef assurance is required for the cattle (see Rule 23); and (b) Beef and Lamb, where, if both cattle and sheep are farmed, both have to be assessed and certified.
HOW THE RED TRACTOR ASSURANCE SCHEME WORKS

1. Application
Send application and fee to your chosen Certification Body detailing all the relevant holdings/premises. Receipt will be acknowledged in 14 days and the assessment will be arranged.

2. Initial Assessment
The assessor will talk to you about your business as you walk together around (or facilitate remote viewing via video-streaming of) the facilities, look at the livestock/crop as applicable and check your paperwork. They will need to talk to your staff too about what they do. Any areas which do not meet the Standards (which we refer to as “non-conformances”) will be highlighted to you throughout the assessment. They are not allowed to advise on, or suggest, how you need to correct things. You will be left or sent a report which will contain details of any non-conformances, an indication of the evidence you will be expected to provide (e.g. invoices, photos, photocopies, letter from vet) and the timescales for action.

3. Non-conformances
You must supply your Certification Body with evidence that you have corrected everything as explained in the non-conformance report. In some cases, a re-visit may be required and this may incur a charge. Your application will lapse if you do not correct everything satisfactorily and in good time.

4. Issue Certificate of Conformity
Once satisfactory evidence has been provided, you will be entered as ‘Assured’ on the Scheme Member Checker database and you can then sell your product(s) as ‘Assured’. You may receive an actual certificate in electronic format or printed but the status on the Scheme Member Checker database is definitive.

5. Renewal
You will be invited to renew your membership annually, 12 months after the initial assessment and every 12 months thereafter. You will receive a renewal notice and a maximum of two reminder letters.

6. Routine Assessments and Spot Checks
An assessor will make regular visits (or carry out remote assessments) similar to your initial assessment to check you are continuing to conform to the Standards at all times. These assessments will normally be once per membership year with the exception of the RTA dairy and beef and lamb farm schemes which will be once every 18 months. You may also be subject to spot check visits, some of which may be unannounced as part of our risk based approach to inspections. If you do not conform to any Standards you must provide evidence, normally within 28 days, that you have rectified them as outlined at Steps 2 and 3 above. If you have a major non-conformance or excessive non-conformances against the Standards, your certification may be suspended until you have shown you have put this right. (Assessment arrangements for meat and poultry processing, livestock transport, livestock markets and livestock collection centres are outlined in the online standards manual.)

Suspension: Your membership and certification can also be suspended if you have not put non-conformances right within the time stipulated or if an unannounced spot check as a result of our risk based approach to inspections shows no improvement and the member is still categorised as high risk. Suspension is only lifted once you have proved that you have corrected the non-conformances. In some cases, a re-visit may be required. You must not sell products as ‘Red Tractor Assured’ whilst your certification is suspended.

Withdrawal: If within 3 months of the suspension date you have not demonstrated that you have corrected the non-conformances, the Certification Body will withdraw certification and your membership will automatically terminate. The Certification Body will also withdraw certification and your membership will automatically terminate if you are still categorised as high risk following two consecutive unannounced spot checks as a result of our risk based approach to inspections. You can only regain certification by following the procedure for a new applicant and as long as no other sanctions or non-conformances remain. Your right to sell products as ‘Red Tractor Assured’ will cease immediately if your certification is withdrawn or if your membership is terminated for any other reason or expires and is not renewed within one month of expiry in accordance with the membership rules.
1. These rules together with the accompanying explanation of how the Scheme operates or proposes to operate from the same premises, site or holding as those of that person or of that person’s spouse, former spouse or grandparent, grandchild, parent-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, sister-in-law, brother-in-law, step parent, step child, step sister, step brother, foster child, legal guardian, domestic partner or fiancé/fiancée of that person or of that person’s spouse, former spouse, close relative or friend, others in your immediate family, for each farming sector (currently, livestock (see Rule 23).

2. In these Rules:

a. 'Applicant Business' means applicants for membership of the Scheme;

b. 'Assessment' means the assessment of your conformance to the Standards by your Certification Body’s appointed assessor, whatever carried out on a revisit to your operation, such as a previous assessment or non-conformances or by way of spot checks, whenever announced or unannounced and whether by way of personal visit, remote assessment via video-streaming and/or the review of documentation uploaded by you to the Red Tractor Portal;

c. 'Associate', in respect of a Member, means any shareholder, officer, agent, employee, contractor or relative or that Member and any relative of any such person;

d. 'Certification Body' means a certification body (acting as an independent contractor) which is licensed by RTA to carry out certification and assess conformance to the Standards, all such bodies being set out from time to time in RTA’s website at https://assurance.redtractor.org.uk/standards/contact-certification-bodies;

e. 'Enterprise' means a farming enterprise or activity which is covered by any of the particular Standards;

f. 'Member' means a member of the Scheme;

g. 'Member Logos' means the Member logos set out from time to time in the RTA Website at https://assurance.redtractor.org.uk/contentfiles/Files/SchemeLogoRules.pdf;

h. 'Membership' means membership of the Scheme;

i. 'Red Tractor Assurance Claim' means a claim to source and supply food or drink products which are eligible to carry any version of the Red Tractor logo; the cattle (see Rule 23).

j. 'Red Tractor Portal' means the online portal onto which you may upload documentation in advance of an Assessment and which can be accessed at https://portal.redtractor.org.uk/#/home;

k. 'relative' in relation to a person includes the mother, father, stepfather, stepmother, sister, brother, wife, husband, civil partner, daughter, son, grandparent, grandchild, parent-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, sister-in-law, brother-in-law, step parent, step child, step sister, step brother, foster child, legal guardian, domestic partner or fiancé/fiancée of that person or of that person’s spouse, former spouse, close relative or friend, others in your immediate family, for each farming sector (currently, livestock

l. 'RTA Website' means the website of RTA at https://assurance.redtractor.org.uk; for any replacement website RTA may establish and operate from time to time;

m. 'Scheme Member Checker' means the database of Members maintained by RTA at https://checkers.redtractor.org.uk/rtassurance/services/eb;

n. 'Standards' means the Red Tractor Assurance Scheme farm standards for each farming sector (currently, beef & lamb, dairy, pigs, poultry, crops and fresh produce) and supply chain standards (currently, livestock transport, meat and poultry processing, livestock markets and collection centres, safe haven and cold crush) as set out in the RTA Website at https://assurance.redtractor.org.uk/standards and as set out at the end of this document, as updated from time to time; and

o. 'you' means such Applicant Business or Member as the context permits.

3. You can only gain certification and obtain 'Red Tractor Assured' status for an Enterprise (so whether your application relates if you conform to the Standards applicable to that Enterprise and you must continue to meet these Rules and those Standards at all times. Failure to comply with these Rules or the Standards may result in your certification (whether for a particular Enterprise or for all Enterprises carried out by you) being suspended or withdrawn and your Membership being terminated.

4. RTA may update these Rules and the Standards at any time. You will be given notice of the specific changes made to the Standards and when they will come into effect. When changes are made to the Rules, we will give you notice of that fact and confirm in such notice when the amended Rules will come into effect and how you can view and download or otherwise obtain the amended Rules. RTA reserves the right to make changes to the Standards and the Rules to retain 'Red Tractor Assured' status.

5. From time to time RTA may publish (including via the RTA Website) additional sector specific rules and guidance which will be supplementary to and deemed to be part of these Rules (for example, rules and guidance in respect of contract farming in the combinable crops sector and the Safe Haven New Entrants and Suspended Member Protocols).

6. These Rules are in addition to any statutory requirements. Nothing in these Rules shall be deemed to provide exemption from current legislation and you must comply with all legislation relevant to the scope of the Scheme at all times.

7. Where the words ‘include(s),’ ‘including’ or ‘in particular’ are used in these Rules, they are deemed to have the words ‘without limitation’ following them.

8. Subject always to the provisions of Rules 68 to 73 (and in particular the restrictions in Rule 70 on using the relevant Member Logo(s)) or any other version of the Red Tractor logo on, or applying any such logo or a Red Tractor Assurance Claim to, food packs (including packaging such as meat, fruit or vegetable boxes, milk cartons or bottles) or using any such logo or making such a claim at the point of sale of food products (including online sales) unless you have a processor and packers licence issued by RTA (see https://trade.redtractor.org.uk), you must not claim that products you sell and/or services you provide are, or describe them as, ‘Red Tractor Assured’, ‘RT Assured’, ‘RTA Assured’, ‘RTA’ or ‘Assured’ or ‘Certified’ for the purposes of the Scheme unless and until you have been through the application and Assessment process referred to in the above explanation of how the Scheme works and a certificate of conformity to the relevant Standards has been issued for the Enterprise to which those products or services relate. Thereafter, subject always to Rules 68 to 73, you must not claim that products you sell and/or services you provide are, or describe them as, ‘Red Tractor Assured’, ‘RT Assured’, ‘RTA Assured’, ‘RTA’, ‘RT’ or ‘Assured’ or ‘Certified’ for the purposes of the Scheme:

a. if and to the extent that such products or services relate to a business, Enterprise, activity, location, holding, site, store or vehicle which is not included in the scope of your certification;

b. if your certification has been (and for so long as it remains) suspended or has been withdrawn for any reason;

c. if you do not renew your Membership on time in accordance with these Rules;

d. if your Membership terminates for any reason; or

e. if you have voluntarily left the Scheme.

9. Any sole trader, partnership, limited or unlimited company or limited liability partnership (or other form of trading entity approved by RTA), farming or carrying out an Enterprise, can apply to be a Member. Similar schemes operate in the development of certification in the UK covering some Enterprises and where this applies you should join the local scheme.

10. You can apply to join the Scheme for a single Enterprise or whatever combination of Enterprises fits your business needs. The exceptions to this are: beef and lamb, where, if both cattle and sheep are farmed, both have to be assessed and certified; and dairy, where beef assurance is required for the cattle (see Rule 23).

11. You can only apply for Membership through a Certification Body, which is an independent contractor licensed by RTA to certify conformance to the Standards.

12. Each sole trader, partnership, limited or unlimited company or limited liability partnership (or other form of trading entity approved by RTA) farming or carrying out an Enterprise, must also agree that you (and for so long as it remains) suspend or withdraw all such changes to the Standards and the Rules shall be deemed to provide exemption from current legislation and you must comply with the amended Rules. You must ensure full compliance with all such changes to the Standards and the Rules will come into effect. When changes are made to the Rules, we will give you notice of that fact and confirm in such notice when the amended Rules will come into effect and how you can view and download or otherwise obtain the amended Rules. RTA reserves the right to make changes to the Standards and the Rules to retain 'Red Tractor Assured' status.

13. The Nominated Person of the Applicant Business must sign the membership application form provided by your chosen Certification Body (‘Your Certification Body’) and subsequent renewal application forms (and RTA and your Certification Body shall be entitled to assume that the Nominated Person is authorised to sign such forms on your behalf). In submitting an application or renewal fee and/or such forms, you are agreeing with RTA and your Certification Body to be bound by these Rules and the Certification Body's terms of engagement.

14. Any false or misleading statement made on the Membership or renewal application forms, during Assessments, or in any other communication, may lead to suspension or withdrawal of your certification and even exclusion from future Membership. You must provide, upon request by RTA or your Certification Body, any information relevant to conformance with the Standards or these Rules.

15. Any act or omission to act (whether by you, your officers, employees or agents or a third party and whether or not in relation to your premises, site or holding) which impacts on your conformance to the Standards, these Rules or other relevant legislation will be deemed to be your responsibility for the purpose of assessing your compliance with the Standards and these Rules. Any rights and remedies available to and sanctions imposed by RTA or your Certification Body in respect of any non-conformance to the Standards (‘non-conformance’) or breach of these Rules may, at the discretion of RTA or your Certification Body, be deemed to apply also to any other person who operates or proposes to operate from the same premises, site or holding as you and who is or wishes to become a Member.
16. You must disclose in your Membership or renewal application form all holdings, sites, stores and vehicles which you want to be included in the scope of your certification (having regard to Rules 17, 18 and 19 below).

17. Subject always to Rules 12, 18 and 19, where a Membership or renewal application form lists more than one holding, site, store, or vehicle, they must all be managed on a day to day basis by the same person. A separate application must be made in respect of any holding, site, store or vehicle of a Member which is managed on a day to day basis by a different person. If there is any uncertainty over whom any holding, site, store, or vehicle is managed by, RTA or your Certification Body may require you to provide such documentary evidence as it sees fit and its decision shall be final, subject always to Rule 83 to 85 (Complaints and Appeal Procedure).

18. Unless RTA or your Certification Body otherwise permits in writing in its absolute discretion, separate Membership or renewal applications will be required in accordance with the following principles or as RTA or your Certification Body may direct:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Enterprise / Activity</th>
<th>Separate Membership for each:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Farms, Safe Haven, Cold Crush</td>
<td>• Enterprise</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Holding / site within each such Enterprise: subject to the provisions of Rule 19 below.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Livestock Transport</td>
<td>Site with separate Animal Gatherings Order Approval Number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Livestock Market</td>
<td>Site with separate Animal Gatherings Order Approval Number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Collection Centre</td>
<td>Site with separate PSA Approval Number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meat and Poultry Processing</td>
<td>Site with separate PSA Approval Number</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

19. Additional farm holdings may be allowed within an application for a main site or holding provided the additional holdings fall within the relevant description set out below and subject always to such holdings being managed on a day to day basis by the same person.

24. If, where you are a company or limited liability partnership, one of your members or any other person (including any group company) with whom you are connected, is the subject of an event described in Rule 53.g, or if any action taken is which is likely to lead to such an event, you must inform your Certification Body immediately giving details of any person appointed (or proposed to be appointed) as receiver, liquidator, administrative receiver, administrator or other such officer pursuant to any such arrangement or related order.

25. If, where you are a company or limited liability partnership, one of your members or any other person (including any group company) with whom you are connected, is the subject of an event described in Rule 53.g, or if any action taken is which is likely to lead to such an event, you must inform your Certification Body immediately giving details of any person appointed (or proposed to be appointed) as receiver, liquidator, administrative receiver, administrator or other such officer pursuant to any such arrangement or related order.

26. Without prejudice to Rule 53.d, an assessor may refuse to carry out an Assessment:

a. if he/she believes the presence of a third party may, intentionally or otherwise, influence its outcome in an inappropriate manner;

b. if he/she feels threatened or that he/she has been subjected to abusive behaviour at any time during the visit;

c. if the site is empty or non-operational.

27. If any of the Standards has not been met, then a non-conformance will be raised. Certification will be dependent upon you carrying out improvements to the scheme membership and within the specified time period(s).

28. Certificates and, where applicable, stickers confirming certification status, only relate to the assessed holding(s) or site(s) and are not transferable to any other holding or site or to any other business or person. All such certificates and stickers remain the property of your Certification Body. Whilst certificates and stickers may be useful in confirming ‘Red Tractor Assured’ status, the only definitive proof of certification and ‘Red Tractor Assured’ status is the Scheme Member Checker database managed and operated by or on behalf of RTA.

29. Your Membership must be renewed annually. Failure to renew within one month after an annual renewal date will result in your Membership being terminated. If you subsequently apply again to be a Member, you will be treated as a new applicant and a full initial Assessment will be required. In such a case, your Membership and certification will not be backdated.

30. You must keep your Certification Body informed of any material changes to your operation (when compared to the operation as at the date of your most recent Assessment) which might affect your certification. Examples of such ‘material changes’ include:

a. additional holdings or sites (e.g. crop storage facilities, livestock grazing);

b. a change in the person who manages on a day to day basis any Enterprise, holding, site or vehicle within your certification;

c. additional commercial livestock vehicles;

d. the site becoming empty of livestock at any time;

e. the site becoming restocked; and/or

f. changes to the activity being carried out on the holding or site (e.g. a farm or haulier also taking on a collection or a meat processor beginning to process new species such as pork or poultry).

31. If you are the subject of an event described in Rule 53.g, or if any action taken which is likely to lead to such an event, you must inform your Certification Body immediately giving details of any person appointed (or proposed to be appointed) as receiver, liquidator, administrative receiver, administrator or other such officer pursuant to any such arrangement or related order.

32. If, where you are a company or limited liability partnership, one of your members or any other person (including any group company) with whom you are connected, is the subject of an event described in Rule 53.g or if any action taken which is likely to lead to such an event, you must inform your Certification Body immediately giving details of any person appointed (or proposed to be appointed) as receiver, liquidator, administrative receiver, administrator or other such officer pursuant to any such arrangement or order.
33. When certified against the Red Tractor Fresh Produce Standard only, you may ask your Certification Body for a voluntary suspension of one, some or all of the crop types covered by the certification.

34. You can change your Certification Body at any time, in accordance with Rules 35 to 38.

35. You must declare on your application to the proposed new Certification Body whether you have previously applied to become, or have been, or are currently, a Member. If that is the case, you must confirm the Certification Body to whom you applied, your previous Membership number and details of all sites previously assessed (as well as the CPH number and PRIMO/Herd mark, where applicable).

36. Your proposed new Certification Body will request and be given access to your historical data and records from your existing Certification Body before confirming continued certification.

37. The proposed new Certification Body may reject your application to transfer if you have outstanding non-conformances still to be rectified or if any other previously imposed certification or Membership condition prevents the application from being accepted. In such a case, before any transfer takes place, you must clear non-conformances to the satisfaction of your existing Certification Body. Unless otherwise agreed in writing by RTA, any previously imposed conditions (e.g. more frequent or unannounced inspections) shall continue to apply to and may be enforced by the new Certification Body.

38. If your application to transfer is accepted by the new Certification Body, it will take effect immediately and any such acceptance being confirmed and you do not need to inform your former Certification Body of the transfer.

Routine Assessments and Spot Checks

39. You must allow your Certification Body’s appointed assessors to carry out routine Assessments, revisits and spot checks, whether in person or remotely (whether via video streaming and/or review of documents and records uploaded to the Red Tractor Portal or otherwise) and where Assessments and spot checks are to be carried out remotely you must take all reasonable steps necessary to enable remote Assessment to take place.

40. Each of RTA, your Certification Body and any third party duly authorised to act on behalf of either or both of them, has the right to carry out an Assessment or spot check at short notice or unannounced.

41. The assessor may be accompanied by an observer.

42. If any of the Standards are not met, a non-conformance will be raised. Continued certification will be dependent upon you carrying out improvements to the satisfaction of the Certification Body and within the time period(s) specified.

Special Conditions of Certification

43. RTA and your Certification Body shall each be entitled, at any time and each in its absolute discretion, to specify Special Conditions of Certification for your Membership and/or continued certification. This may include:
   a. additional annuities (or, if so specified, unannounced Assessments or spot checks) by the Certification Body to the normal routine Assessments, all such additional Assessments and spot checks being at your cost; and
   b. obtaining evidence from a third party expert (nominated by RTA or the Certification Body and appointed at your cost) that the Standards are being met.

Fees

44. You must, on initial application and annually thereafter, pay to your Certification Body an annual Membership fee for each Enterprise being assessed. The annual Membership fee is made up of an amount equal to the annual participant fee(s) which RTA charges the Certification Body for each Enterprise assessed by it (and which your Certification Body charges on to you) and an amount to cover your Certification Body’s own charges. Details of the annual participant fees and any other fees charged by RTA to Certification Bodies can be downloaded at: https://assurance.redtractor.org.uk/who-we-are/how-we-are-funded. Your Certification Body may change the annual Membership fee from time to time and will review the fee annually. Your Certification Body (or RTA) will notify you of any changes in the annual Membership fee.

45. You must pay any additional charges your Certification Body may impose for:
   a. visits to additional holdings/sites not close to the main holding or site;
   b. visits to additional holdings/sites/vehicles notified to the Certification Body after any previous Assessment;
   c. the assessor having to return, whether to complete an Assessment report where, through no fault of the assessor, it could not initially be completed in full, or to check that non-conformances have been rectified; and
   d. any additional Assessments or spot checks required under any Special Conditions of Certification specified by RTA or your Certification Body, as contemplated in Rule 43.

46. For milk producer members, some fees may be met by your milk purchaser. You should contact your milk purchaser for further details.

47. You are responsible for any external third party fees required to meet the requirements of the Standards (for example, Quarterly Veterinary Reports on farms certified to the RTA Pig Standards) and any Special Conditions of Certification specified under Rule 43. You are responsible for any costs you incur in meeting the Standards and rectifying non-conformances.

48. If you fail to pay any fees required to be paid by you under these Rules, RTA or your Certification Body shall each be entitled to reject your Membership or renewal application or to suspend or withdraw certification for any relevant Enterprise(s).

SUSPENDING CERTIFICATION

50. Your Certification Body has the right to suspend your certification if:
   a. you unreasonably delay or refuse a routine Assessment, revisit or spot check;
   b. circumstances on a relevant holding or site prevent the assessor from completing an Assessment in full;
   c. major non-conformances (meaning for the purpose of these Rules a non-conformance to the Standards or breach of these Rules which is treated as a ‘major’ non-conformance by assessors at the time of the relevant Assessment);
   d. an excessive number of non-conformances are found during an Assessment;
   e. the same non-conformance is found on successive Assessment visits;
   f. you fail to rectify any non-conformance within a specified timescale;
   g. you fail to comply with these Rules or the Standards;
   h. evidence which your Certification Body or RTA reasonably believes to be reliable is received from a third party, indicating that you are not conforming to the Standards to a material extent; or
   i. being a milk producer member of the Red Tractor Dairy Farm Assurance Scheme, the dairy purchaser membership of that scheme of the dairy purchaser to whom you supply milk is suspended.

If your certification has been suspended and you do not take the necessary action to rectify any notified non-conformance(s) within 3 months of such suspension, your certification may be withdrawn with immediate effect by written notice served by your Certification Body, whereupon your Membership will be automatically terminated.

Termination of Membership and Withdrawing Certification

51. Each of RTA and your Certification Body may refuse applications or impose particular conditions for re-entry into the Scheme where an application relates to an Enterprise, business, holding, site, store and/or vehicle in respect of which certification has previously been withdrawn in accordance with these Rules (and even if all relevant non-conformances have been rectified).

52. RTA and the Certification Bodies will not accept a Membership or renewal application (including from a new applicant) if the application relates to an Enterprise, business, holding, site, store or vehicle in respect of which Membership or certification conditions or other restrictions or sanctions have been imposed under these Rules and remain outstanding or in place (as the case may be), unless it can be demonstrated to the satisfaction of RTA and the Certification Body that the Applicant Business is not connected to the Member subject to those conditions, restrictions or sanctions (other than being connected purely in terms of operating from the same holding, site, store or vehicle) and there are no other reasons for refusing such an application.

53. Each of your Certification Body and RTA may, in its absolute discretion, refuse an application for Membership, and/or your Certification Body may withdraw certification (whether for a particular Enterprise or for all Enterprises carried out by you) and/or RTA may, by written notice, immediately terminate your Membership:
   a. if you fail to comply with these Rules or the Standards;
   b. if the Certification Body or RTA considers that it is necessary to do so to prevent RTA or the Scheme from being brought into disrepute;
   c. if any act or omission by you or any of your Associates (i) has brought or may, in the reasonable opinion of the Certification Body or RTA, bring RTA or the Scheme into disrepute or (ii) has damaged or may, in the reasonable opinion of the Certification Body or RTA, damage the integrity of the Standards;
   d. if, notwithstanding the rights under Rule 26.b, an assessor, employee or officer of the Certification Body or RTA feels threatened or that he has been subjected to abusive behaviour by you or any of your Associates;
   e. if, without prejudice to Rules 53.a, b, c and d, a material breach by you of these Rules (including a major non-conformance to the Standards) which is not capable of being remedied has occurred or a material breach by you of these Rules (including a major non-conformance to the Standards) which is capable of remedy has not been remedied within 30 days (or such other period as RTA or your Certification Body notify you in the case of non-conformance of the Standards) after service of a written notice requiring it to be remedied;
   f. if you are still categorised as high risk following two consecutive unannounced spot checks as a result of our risk based approach to inspections;
   g. upon your voluntary or compulsory bankruptcy or liquidation, the
62. If a matter arises which is or could constitute or lead to an infringement of
61. Your details will be treated in confidence save as set out below, and your
57. Without prejudice to any other rights or remedies that RTA or your Certification
Indemnity and Inadequacy of Damages
56. You undertake to indemnify RTA and your Certification Body against all
Voluntary Compulsory winding-up or liquidation of RTA, the
appointment of a receiver, liquidator, administrative receiver, administrator,
or other such officer over any of the assets of RTA, or RTA entering into any
composition or arrangement with its creditors.
55. You may at any time give notice in writing immediately to terminate your
Membership.
Termination of Membership by Member
54. You may give notice in writing to terminate your Membership in the event of the
voluntary or compulsory winding-up or liquidation of RTA, the
appointment of a receiver, liquidator, administrative receiver, administrator,
or other such officer over any of the assets of RTA, or RTA entering into any
composition or arrangement with its creditors.
53. a to 53.m (inclusive) or any other breach by you of these Rules.
52. Without prejudice to any other rights or remedies that RTA or your Certification
Body may have, you acknowledge and agree that damages alone may not be an adequate remedy for any breach by you of these Rules. Accordingly, RTA and the Certification Body shall be entitled, without proof of special
damages, to the remedies of injunction, specific performance or other equitable relief for any threatened or actual breach of these Rules.
Prosecutions, Regulatory Sanctions and Third Party Evidence
58. You must notify your Certification Body of any prosecution that has at any time been brought or is or is likely to be brought against you or any of your Associates, or in relation to any Enterprise, business, site, holding, store or vehicle owned or controlled by you or any of your Associates referred to in a Membership or renewal application, which relates to any issues covered in the Standards, including food safety, product traceability, animal health, animal welfare, animal identification and movements, veterinary medicine records, trade description, animal transport, environmental legislation or relevant consumer protection legislation.
Confidentiality and Data Protection
61. Your details will be treated in confidence save as set out below, and your
personal data will be treated in accordance with the terms of our Privacy Policy. RTA and your Certification Body may however provide to any third parties who have a legitimate interest in knowing the same (including your customers, and suppliers of details of your membership and/or your certification status, any other such officer of RTA or your Certification Body may have, you acknowledge and agree that damages alone may not be an adequate remedy for any breach by you of these Rules. Accordingly, RTA and the Certification Body shall be entitled, without proof of special damages, to the remedies of injunction, specific performance or other equitable relief for any threatened or actual breach of these Rules.

40
In addition, for so long as you are a Member (other than a milk producer who sells raw milk to the public) you may use marketing materials supplied by RTA to help promote the Scheme provided that you do not do so in a way which might mislead the public in relation to the scope of your Red Tractor Assured products or activities or in a way which ties such materials to actual products.

70. Restriction on using the Member Logos or Red Tractor logo on food products, including on product packaging (including any meat/vegetable/fruit boxes or milk cartons or bottles): You may not use or print any Member Logos or any other version of the Red Tractor logo on, or apply any such logo or a Red Tractor Assurance Claim to, food packs (including any packaging such as meat/vegetable/fruit boxes, milk cartons or bottles) or use any such logo or make a Red Tractor Assurance Claim in connection with the sale of food or drink products (including online sales) unless you have a processors and packers licence issued by RTA. To apply for a processors and packers licence, go to https://trade.redtractor.org.uk/apply-for-a-red-tractor-license/.

71. The rights to use Member Logos under Rules 68 and 69 are limited to using the entire designation and in an identical form or forms to that or those directed by RTA from time to time.

72. As a Member, you shall not use (or authorise or license others to use) the Member Logos and/or the Red Tractor logo or name in any way other than as expressly permitted in these Rules (or in a processors and packers licence granted to you) and you shall not use or authorise or license any other person to use any name, mark, sign or device which is or could reasonably be regarded as similar to the Member Logos and/or the Red Tractor logo, nor shall you file or cause to be filed any application for registration for a trade mark or certification mark for any trade mark or certification mark applications filed by or on behalf of RTA, nor object to or take any adverse action in respect of any of RTA’s trade mark or certification mark registrations; nor will you register or attempt to register any company in a name which is or could reasonably be regarded as similar to any of the names ‘Red Tractor’, ‘Red Tractor Assurance’, ‘Red Tractor Assured’, ‘RTA’, ‘Assured Food Standards’ or ‘RTA’s Assured Food Standards’ or ‘RTA’s Farm Assurance Scheme’. You will not oppose or cause any opposition to be filed to any trade mark or certification mark applications filed by or on behalf of RTA, nor object to or take any adverse action in respect of any of RTA’s trade mark or certification mark registrations; nor will you register or attempt to register any company in a name which is or could reasonably be regarded as similar to the Member Logos and/or the Red Tractor logo; nor shall you register or attempt to register any company in a name which is or could reasonably be regarded as similar to any of the names ‘Red Tractor’, ‘Red Tractor Assurance’, ‘Red Tractor Assured’, ‘RTA’, ‘Assured Food Standards’ or ‘RTA’s Assured Food Standards’ or ‘RTA’s Farm Assurance Scheme’. You will not oppose or cause any opposition to be filed to any trade mark or certification mark applications filed by or on behalf of RTA, nor object to or take any adverse action in respect of any of RTA’s trade mark or certification mark registrations; nor will you register or attempt to register any company in a name which is or could reasonably be regarded as similar to the Member Logos and/or the Red Tractor logo; nor shall you register or attempt to register any company in a name which is or could reasonably be regarded as similar to any of the names ‘Red Tractor’, ‘Red Tractor Assurance’, ‘Red Tractor Assured’, ‘RTA’, ‘Assured Food Standards’ or ‘RTA’s Assured Food Standards’ or ‘RTA’s Farm Assurance Scheme’. You will not oppose or cause any opposition to be filed to any trade mark or certification mark applications filed by or on behalf of RTA, nor object to or take any adverse action in respect of any of RTA’s trade mark or certification mark registrations; nor will you register or attempt to register the Member Logos and/or the Red Tractor logo or name, anywhere in the world or otherwise cause any question to be raised concerning RTA’s ownership of the Member Logos or the Red Tractor logo or name, or the validity or enforceability of such rights; nor will you do or say anything that could damage the goodwill and/or reputation of RTA, the Scheme Logos or the Red Tractor logo.

73. Your right to use any Member Logo and/or the Red Tractor name in accordance with these Rules:

a. may be terminated by RTA on one month’s written notice;

b. may be terminated by RTA immediately on written notice if you fail to observe the provisions of these Rules or the directions of RTA with regards to the use of the Member Logos;

c. may be automatically terminate in so far as use of such logos on products is concerned if and for so long as your certification has been suspended; and

d. will automatically terminate if your certification has been withdrawn or your Membership is terminated for any reason or has expired (and is not renewed in accordance with Rule 29).

74. Nothing in these Rules shall limit or exclude the liability of RTA or any Certification Body or any of their respective officers, employees, agents or subcontractors for (a) death or personal injury caused by the negligence of any such person; or (b) fraud or fraudulent misrepresentation.

75. Subject to Rule 74:

a. neither RTA nor any Certification Body, nor any of their respective officers, employees, agents or subcontractors, shall under any circumstances be liable, whether in contract, tort (including negligence), breach of statutory duty or otherwise, for any loss of profit, loss caused by business interruption, or any indirect or consequential loss suffered or incurred by a Member and arising under or in connection with the Scheme (including in relation to the administration of the Scheme, the carrying out of Assessments, and the renewal application, any suspension or withdrawal of certification or any termination of Membership);

b. neither RTA nor any Certification Body, nor any of their respective officers, employees, agents or subcontractors, shall under any circumstances be liable, whether in contract, tort (including negligence), breach of statutory duty, or otherwise, for any losses, liabilities, damages, charges, costs or expenses of whatever nature, suffered or incurred by a milk producer member as a result of or in connection with the purchaser of that milk producer member’s milk having its dairy purchaser membership of the Red Tractor Dairy Farm Assurance Scheme suspended or terminated in accordance with the Dairy Purchaser Membership Rules;

c. the total liability to any Member of RTA and its officers, employees and agents in respect of all losses, liabilities, damages, charges, costs or expenses of whatever nature, suffered or incurred by that Member and arising under or in connection with the Scheme (including in respect of the administration of the Scheme, the carrying out of Assessments, any rejection of a Membership or renewal application, any suspension or withdrawal of certification or any termination of Membership), and whether in contract, tort (including negligence), breach of statutory duty or otherwise, shall not exceed £300,000 in aggregate in respect of all and any such claims arising in any period of 12 months ending on 31 March (provided that for this purpose a claim will be deemed to have arisen on the date on which the event, act or omission giving rise to such losses, liabilities, damages, charges, costs or expenses occurred); and

d. you shall not be able to recover from both RTA and your Certification Body for the same loss.

76. RTA is not a party to the contract you must enter with your Certification Body to govern its Assessment of your conformance (or non-conformance) to the Standards. Subject to Rule 74, neither RTA nor any of its officers, employees or agents shall under any circumstances be liable, whether in contract, tort (including negligence), breach of statutory duty or otherwise, for any acts or omissions of your Certification Body or its assessors or other agents in connection with that contract or the services proposed to be carried out under it by your Certification Body.

77. The Member shall not be entitled (whether under these Rules and/or in respect of any other membership or licence the Member may have with RTA) to recover damages, or obtain payment, reimbursement, restitution or indemnity more than once in respect of the same loss, shortfall, damage, deficiency, breach of any event or circumstance.

Variation of Rules and Standards

78. RTA shall be entitled at any time to change and update the Standards and these Rules. You will be given notice of any of the specific changes made to the Standards and when they will come into effect. When changes are made to the Rules, we will give you notice of that fact and confirm in such notice when the amended Rules will be effective. You can view and download or otherwise obtain the amended Rules. RTA and each Certification Body shall each be entitled at any time to change its operating procedures where, in its absolute discretion, it considers it necessary to do so. You will be given advance written notice of any such changes to operating procedures and of when they will come into effect.

Force Majeure

79. RTA shall not be liable to a Member if any delay or failure by RTA or its employees, officers, agents or independent contractors to perform their obligations under these Rules or any related agreement is the result of a Force Majeure Event. For the purpose of this Rule, ‘Force Majeure Event’ means an event beyond the reasonable control of RTA (or its employees, officers, agents or independent contractors) including acts of God, flood, drought, earthquake or other natural disaster, epidemic or pandemic, terrorist attack, civil war, civil commotion or riots, war, threat of or preparation for war, armed conflict, nuclear, chemical or biological contamination or sonic boom, any law or any action taken by a government, local or public authority, collapse of buildings, fire, explosion or accident, interruption or failure of a utility service.

No Waiver

80. A waiver of any right of RTA under these Rules is only effective if it is in writing and shall not be deemed to be a waiver of any subsequent breach or default. No failure or delay by RTA in exercising any right or remedy under these Rules or by law shall constitute a waiver of that or any other right or remedy, nor preclude or restrict its further exercise. No single or partial exercise of such right or remedy shall preclude or restrict the further exercise of that or any other right or remedy.

Notices

81. A notice given under or in connection with these Rules shall be in writing and:

a. in the case of a notice to RTA, sent by email to Memberhelp@redtractor.org.uk or by first class post to RTA’s registered office from time to time; and

b. in the case of a notice to the Member, sent by email or first class post to the email or postal address set out in the Membership or renewal application, any suspension or withdrawal of certification or any termination of Membership.

82. A notice shall be deemed to be delivered by 9.00am on the second business day (excluding weekends and bank holidays) after posting in the case of first class post and on sending in the case of email.
Complaints and Appeal Procedure

83. If you wish to raise a formal complaint (such as a formal expression of dissatisfaction about RTA’s personnel, services, decisions, contractors or the services of your Certification Body), you should supply details of the complaint and evidence supporting it in accordance with RTA’s complaints procedure, a copy of which will be provided upon request (provided that where your complaint relates to an RTA decision or to the outcome of any appeal to your Certification Body your complaint must be sent to RTA within 14 days after the date of the RTA decision or (as the case may be) within 14 days after you have been notified of the outcome of the appeal to your Certification Body).

84. If you are not satisfied with the way your application, Assessment or any certification decision has been conducted, you may lodge an appeal in writing with your Certification Body within such period as your Certification Body may stipulate from time to time. All such appeals will be investigated and dealt with in accordance with the Certification Body’s appeal procedure or, if so directed, RTA’s appeal procedure. Copies of the relevant appeal procedure will be provided by your Certification Body (or RTA as appropriate) upon request.

85. Decisions taken by RTA to terminate your membership at any time are subject to a right to appeal in accordance with RTA’s appeal procedure (which requires you to appeal within 14 days after the date of the RTA decision). Copies of the RTA appeal procedure will be provided by RTA upon request.

Entire Agreement, Third Party Rights and Governing Law

86. These Rules and the documents specifically referred to in these Rules as being available via the RTA Website (including the Standards) represent the entire understanding between you and RTA in relation to your Membership. You acknowledge that you have not relied upon any statement from RTA (written or oral) which is not contained in these Rules (or such documents) in applying to be a Member or renewing your Membership.

87. Subject to the rights of the bodies, agencies and third parties referred to in Rule 82 and to the rights of Certification Bodies as referred to in Rule 88, these Rules are not intended to benefit, or be enforceable by, anyone other than RTA and each Member.

88. Where a Certification Body is referred to in these Rules, the relevant Certification Body shall be able to enforce the rights expressly or impliedly ascribed to it to the fullest extent permitted by law. Furthermore, any successor to RTA (or any transferee of the business of RTA or of RTA’s rights under and in relation to the Scheme) shall be entitled to enforce RTA’s rights under these Rules and any successor to your Certification Body (or any transferee of the business of your Certification Body) shall be entitled to enforce your Certification Body’s rights under these Rules.

89. These Rules and any disputes or claims arising out of or in connection with their subject matter or formation are governed by and shall be construed in accordance with English law. The courts of England have exclusive jurisdiction to settle any dispute or claim that arises out of or in connection with these Rules or their subject matter or formation.
Standing together for British agriculture

Our standards start with the consumer. We monitor what they value the most about their food and understand what they expect from farmers. These values are translated into practical on-farm standards so Red Tractor farmers can demonstrate they are producing what consumers want.
Certification Bodies

Your routine point of contact with the Scheme is through your Certification Body.

Certification Bodies are licensed by Red Tractor to manage membership applications and to carry out assessment and certification against the Standards. The table below shows which Certification Bodies apply to each enterprise.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Certification Body</th>
<th>Beef and Lamb</th>
<th>Dairy</th>
<th>Combinable Crops and Sugar Beet</th>
<th>Fresh Produce</th>
<th>Pigs</th>
<th>Poultry</th>
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<tr>
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<tr>
<td>QWFC (Wales)</td>
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**NSF Certification**
Hanborough Business Park, Long Hanborough, Oxford OX29 8SJ
Tel: 01993 885739   Email: agriculture@nsf.org   Web: www.nsf-foodeurope.com

**SAI Global Assurance Services Ltd**
PO Box 6236, Milton Keynes MK1 9ES
Tel: 01908 249973   Email: agrifood@saiglobal.com   Web: www.saiglobal.com/assurance

**Lloyd’s Register**
6 Redheughs Rigg, Edinburgh EH12 9DQ
Tel: 0131 335 6643   Email: redtractor-ca@lr.org   Web: www.lr.org/uk

**NIFCC (Northern Ireland)**
1A Lissue Walk, Lissue Industrial Estate (East), Lisburn, Northern Ireland BT28 2LU
Tel: 028 9263 3017   Email: info@nifcc.co.uk   Web: www.nifcc.co.uk

**QWFC (Wales)**
PO Box 8, Gorseland, North Road, Aberystwyth SY23 2WB
Tel: 01970 636688   Email: info@wlbp.co.uk   Web: www.wlbp.co.uk

T: 0203 617 3670
E: memberhelp@redtractor.org.uk
www.redtractorassurance.org.uk
Helping farmers with disaster relief and affordable rural housing.

Practical and pastoral support for farmers and families within the farming community.

Helping farming people of all ages with a wide range of financial and practical support.

Supporting people from Scottish agriculture emotionally, practically and financially in times of need.