

## Appendix LT.3

### LIVESTOCK TRANSPORT - STOCKING DENSITIES

The standard requires livestock to be transported at legally prescribed stocking densities. Outlined below are the stocking densities as prescribed by Council Regulation (EC) No 1/2005 on the protection of animals during transport and related operations (and amending directives).

|               | Category                            | Approx. weight (in kg) | Area in m <sup>2</sup> /animal |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>Cattle</b> | Small calves                        | 55                     | 0.30 to 0.40                   |
|               | Medium-sized calves                 | 110                    | 0.40 to 0.70                   |
|               | Heavy calves                        | 200                    | 0.70 to 0.95                   |
|               | Medium-sized cattle                 | 325                    | 0.95 to 1.30                   |
|               | Heavy cattle                        | 550                    | 1.30 to 1.60                   |
|               | Very heavy cattle                   | >700                   | >1.60                          |
| <b>Sheep</b>  | Shorn sheep and lambs 26kg and over | <55kg<br>>55kg         | 0.20 to 0.30<br>>0.40          |
|               | Unshorn sheep                       | <55kg<br>>55kg         | 0.30 to 0.40<br>>0.40          |
|               | Heavily pregnant ewes               | <55kg<br>>55kg         | 0.40 to 0.50<br>>0.50          |

## Appendix EC.1

### SILAGE, SLURRY AND AGRICULTURAL FUEL OIL (SSAFO) STORAGE

There are exemptions from the Water Resources (Control of Pollution) (Silage, Slurry and Agricultural Fuel Oil) (England) Regulations 2010 (or equivalent) for installations built before prescribed dates. Those dates are as follows:

|                  | Slurry/Silage | Agricultural Fuel Oil  |
|------------------|---------------|--|
| England          | 1991          | 1991 or where less than 1500 litres stored on farm   |
| Wales            | 1991          | Since 15 March 2020 all storage must meet the requirements of the Oil Storage (Wales) Regulations 2016 |
| Scotland         | 2003          | 2003 or where less than 1,250 litres stored on farm  |
| Northern Ireland | 2003          | 2003 or where tank capacity does not exceed 1,250 litres   |

#### Agricultural fuel oil (excluding domestic only tanks, mobile and underground tanks)

- There must be an impermeable bund. The bund is either at least 110% capacity of the individual tank, or if there is more than one tank within the bund, 25% of the total or 110% of the largest tank
- There must be an outlet within bund (NB – with double skinned tanks, in principle the outer skin can act as the bund for the inner tank. However this benefit is lost if the outlet is at the bottom of the tank as any leakage through or around the outlet will not be captured)

**Note: It is best practice for all fuel tanks to be bunded even if they benefit from exemptions to the legislation**